



CHILDREN'S SPECIAL HEALTH SERVICES

MEDICAL CONDITION LIST

Medical eligibility is based on list of conditions which has been established with the advice of a Medical Advisory Council and is subject to change.

ADENOID HYPERTROPHY causing SLEEP APNEA
 ALPHA 1-ANTITRYPSIN DEFICIENCY
 AMINO ACID DISORDERS, limited to:
 Argininemia
 Argininosuccinic Acidemia (ASA Lyase Deficiency)
 Citrullinemia (ASA Synthetase Deficiency)
 Glutathione synthase deficiency (5-oxoprolinuria)
 Homocystinuria (Cystathione synthase deficiency)
 Hypermethioninemia
 Hyperornithinemia, Hyperammonemia, Homocitrullinemia (HHH syndrome)
 Hyperornithinemia or Ornithine oxo-acid aminotransferase deficiency
 Maple Syrup Urine Disease
 Nonketotic hyperglycinemia
 Phenylketonuria;
 Tyrosinemia (I, II, III);
 AMPUTATION
 AMYOTONIA CONGENITA requiring rehabilitative measures
 ANAL STENOSIS & IMPERFORATE ANUS
 ANEMIAS (excluding minor anemias), including sickle cell
 APLASIA CUTIS CONGENITA, severe, requiring surgery & ECTODERMAL DYSPLASIA
 ARNOLD-CHIARI DEFORMITY
 ARTHROGRYPOSIS
 ASTHMA, chronic moderate and severe, requiring controller medications
 ATAXIAS, FAMILIAL DEGENERATIVE DISEASE requiring rehabilitative measures

 BILE DUCT ATRESIA
 BIRTH INJURY (ERB's PALSY, etc.) requiring bracing or surgery
 BONE CYST requiring surgery
 BONE TUMORS, benign, requiring surgery, including OSTEOCHONDROMAS
 BONY DEFORMITIES requiring bracing, casting or surgery & POST-TRAUMATIC DEFORMITY (orthopedic or severe soft tissue deformity due to injury)
 BOWED LEGS, severe
 BRAIN TUMORS requiring surgery and/or radiation
 BRANCHIOGENIC CLEFT CYST requiring surgery
 BREAST HYPOPLASIA causing considerable psychological problems requiring surgery
 BURNS, severe, acute, including residuals

 CANCER, including CANCER OF EYE
 CATARACTS
 CELIAC DISEASE

CEREBRAL PALSY, congenital or acquired, requiring rehabilitative measures
 CHOANAL ATRESIA
 CLEFT LIP AND/OR PALATE, including SHORT PALATE
 CORNEAL TRANSPLANTS
 CRANIOSTENOSIS (premature synostosis)
 CROHN'S DISEASE
 CYSTIC FIBROSIS
 CYSTIC HYGROMA
 CYSTINOSIS

 DENTAL DISORDERS, congenital
 DIABETES INSIPIDUS
 DIABETES MELLITUS, TYPE I and TYPE II
 DIAPHRAGMATIC HERNIA
 DISLOCATION OF HIPS OR OTHER JOINTS

 EAR DEFORMITY
 EHLERS-DANLOS DISEASE
 ENCEPHALITIS, POLIOMYELITIS OR MENINGITIS, residuals of
 ENUCLEATION (removal of eyeball)
 EOSINOPHILIC GASTROENTERITIS
 EPIDERMOLYSIS BULLOSA
 ESOPHAGEAL VARICES
 EYE WOUNDS, penetrating
 EYELID DEFORMITY requiring surgery, congenital

 FACE DEFORMITY
 FATTY ACID OXIDATION DISORDERS, limited to:
 2,4 Dienoyl-CoA Reductase Deficiency
 Long Chain 3-OH acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (LCHAD)
 Carnitine/Acylcarnitine Translocase Deficiency (CACT)
 Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase Deficiency-Type I (CPTI)
 Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase Deficiency-Type II (CPTII)
 Carnitine Transport Defect (CTD)
 Medium Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (MCAD)
 Multiple Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (MADD) or Glutaric Acidemia-Type II (GAIL)
 Short Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (SCAD) (ethylmalonic academia)
 Trifunctional Protein Deficiency (TFP Deficiency)
 Very Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (VLCAD)
 FEMORAL CAPITAL EPIPHYSIS, slipped
 FRACTURES, complicated or malunited
 FRUCTOSE METABOLISM DISTURBANCE

 GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT ANOMALIES, congenital (including gastroschisis)

GENITO-URINARY TRACT ANOMALIES, congenital, severe and requiring surgery

GENU RECURVATUM, severe

GLAUCOMA, congenital

GLYCOGEN STORAGE DISEASE

GROWTH HORMONE DEFICIENCY

GUILLAIN-BARRE DISEASE, severe, acute, requiring tracheotomy and/or ventilation, including residuals

HALLERVORDEN-SPATZ DISEASE including infusion pump

HEARING LOSS

HEART CONDITIONS, congenital or acquired

HEMANGIOMA, medically significant

HEMOGLOBINOPATHIES, limited to:

Sickle cell anemia

Thalassemia

HEMOPHILIA including deformities

HISTIOCYTOSIS X (eosinophilic granuloma)

HYDROCEPHALUS requiring surgery

HYPERCHOLESTEROLEMIA, congenital, including familial combined hyperlipidemia

HYPOPARATHYROIDISM, congenital or if suspected to last longer than two years

HYPOPHOSPHATEMIC RICKETS

HYPOTHALAMIC ADRENAL INSUFFICIENCY

ICHTHYOSIFORM ERYTHRODERMA, congenital, severe

IMMUNOGLOBULIN DEFICIENCY STATES

INTERSEX DISORDERS, congenital

JOINT DEFORMITY, CLUBFEET AND CLUBHANDS, severe, requiring bracing, casting, surgery or physical therapy

KNOCK-KNEES, severe

KYPHOSIS, adolescent, requiring bracing or surgery

LARYNGEAL PAPILOMA

LEUKEMIA

MALOCCLUSION, handicapping

MASTOIDITIS, chronic

MEGACOLON requiring surgery

METABOLIC DISORDERS, limited to:

Biotinidase Deficiency

Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia (CAH)

Galactosemia

Hypothyroidism, congenital

METACHROMATIC LEUKODYSTROPHY

MICROCEPHALY, diagnosis only

MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS (MPS) (including variants)

MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY

NEPHROSIS & CHRONIC NEPHRITIS

NERVE INJURIES, chronic

NEUROFIBROMATOSIS

NEVI with malignant potential

2-Methylbutyryl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency

3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA Carboxylase Deficiency

3-Methylglutaconic-CoA Hydratase Deficiency

3-Hydroxy-3-Methylglutaryl-CoA Lyase Deficiency

Glutaric Acidemia-Type I

Isobutyryl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency

Isovaleric Acidemia (IVA)

Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMA)

Propionic Acidemia

Mitochondrial Acetoacetyl-CoA Thiolase Deficiency (BKT, 3-Ketothiolase deficiency)

Multiple CoA Carboxylase Deficiency

OSTEOCHONDRITIS of various bones

OSTEOGENESIS IMPERFECTA

OSTEOMYELITIS, residuals of

PARAPLEGIA, traumatic, and its direct complications

PECTUS CARINATUM/PECTUS EXCAVATUM requiring surgery

PERTHES DISEASE

POLYCYSTIC KIDNEY DISEASE

PRECOCIOUS PUBERTY

PSEUDOHYPOPARATHYROIDISM

PTOSIS (drooping eyelids)

PULMONARY LOBAR EMPHYSEMA

RETINAL DETACHMENT in Marfan's Syndrome

RETROLENTAL FIBROPLASIA

RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS

SCLERODERMA

SCOLIOSIS requiring bracing or surgery

SEIZURE DISORDERS, excluding febrile seizures

SPINA BIFIDA, MENINGOCELE, MYELOCELE

STRABISMUS through 10 years of age

SUBLUXATED EYE LENS in Marfan's Syndrome

SUPERNUMERARY PARTS, severe

SYNDACTYLY

THROMBOCYTOPENIA, congenital

THYROGLOSSAL DUCT CYST

T-LYMPHOCYTE IMMUNE DEFICIENCY STATE

TORTICOLLIS (wryneck, not spasmodic, requiring casting or surgery)

TRACHEAL STENOSIS

TRACHEOESOPHAGEAL FISTULA

TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY, moderate to severe

TUBERCULOSIS OF BONES AND JOINTS

TUBEROUS SCLEROSIS

UNDESCENDED TESTES

WEGENER'S GRANULOMATOSIS

Rev. 1-1-2007

OCULAR ALBINISM, congenital

ORGANIC ACID DISORDERS, limited to: