

CHILD CARE AND DEVELOPMENT FUND PLAN

FOR NORTH DAKOTA FFY 2008-2009

This Plan describes the CCDF program to be conducted by the State for the period 10/1/07 - 9/30/09. As provided for in the applicable statutes and regulations, the Lead Agency has the flexibility to modify this program at any time, including changing the options selected or described herein.

The official text of the applicable laws and regulations govern, and the Lead Agency acknowledges its responsibility to adhere to them regardless of the fact that, for purposes of simplicity and clarity, the specific provisions printed herein are sometimes paraphrases of, or excerpts and incomplete quotations from, the full text.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 165 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and reviewing the collection of information.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

(Form ACF 118 Approved OMB Number: 0970-0114 expires [DATE])

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REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS

- 2.1.2 Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Work Plan Grid (Excel)
- 2.2 Public Comments (Word)
- 3.2.A Current Rates (Excel)
- 3.2.B. Market Rate Survey and Summary (Word and paper copy of survey)
- 3.3.2. Income Exclusions (Word)
- 3.5.1 Sliding Fee Scale (Excel)
- 4.1.1 Child Care Application (Paper copy)
- 5.2.1.A. Early Learning Guidelines Age 3-5 (Word)
- 5.2.1.B. Early Learning Guidelines Birth Three (Word)
- 5.2.5. Growing Futures: Professional Development Plan
- 5.2.5.A. CCR&R 2006-2008 Strategic Plan

AMENDMENTS LOG

Child Care and Development Services Plan for For the period: 10/1/07 – 9/30/09

CECTION	EEEE CELVE /	DATE	DATE ADDROVED
SECTION	EFFECTIVE/	DATE	DATE APPROVED
AMENDED	PROPOSED	SUBMITTED TO	BY ACF
	EFFECTIVE DATE	ACF	

Instructions:

- Lead Agency completes the first 3 columns and sends a photocopy of this Log (showing the latest amendment sent to ACF) <u>and</u> the amended section(s) to the ACF Regional contact. A copy of the Log, showing the latest amendment pending in ACF, is retained in the Lead Agency's Plan.
- 2) ACF completes column 4 and returns a photocopy of the Log to the grantee.
- 3) The Lead Agency replaces this page in the Plan with the copy of the Log received from ACF showing the approval date.

Note: This process depends on repeated subsequent use of the <u>same</u> Log page over the life of the Plan. At any time the Log should reflect all amendments, both approved and pending in ACF. The Lead Agency is advised to retain those "old" plan pages that are superseded by amendments in a separate appendix to its Plan.

PART 1 ADMINISTRATION

The agency shown below has been designated by the Chief Executive Officer of the State (or Territory), to represent the State (or Territory) as the Lead Agency. The Lead Agency agrees to administer the program in accordance with applicable Federal laws and regulations and the provisions of this Plan, including the assurances and certifications appended hereto. (658D, 658E)

1.1 Lead Agency Information (as designated by State chief executive officer)

Name of Lead Agency: North Dakota Department of Human Services

Address of Lead Agency: **State Capitol, 600 East Blvd Avenue, Bismarck, ND 58505-0250** Name/Title of the Lead Agency's Chief Executive Officer: **Carol K. Olson, Executive Director**

Phone Number: **701-328-2316**Fax Number: **701-328-3538**E-Mail Address: **dhseo@nd.gov**

Web Address for Lead Agency (if any): http://www.nd.gov/dhs/

1.2 State Child Care (CCDF) Contact Information (day-to-day contact)

Name of the State Child Care Subsidy Contact (CCDF): **Bobbi Gitter** Title of State Child Care Contact: **Child Care Subsidy Administrator** Address: **600East Boulevard Avenue**, **Bismarck**, **ND 58505-0250**

Phone: (701) 328-4603 Fax: (701) 328-4603 E-Mail Address: gitterb@nd.gov

Web Address for child care subsidy program information: http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/financialhelp/childcare.html

Name of the State Child Care Program Contact (CCDF): **Linda M. Jagielo**Title of State Child Care Contact: **Early Childhood Services Administrator**Address: **Children and Family Services Division, Department of Human Services**

Address 2: 600 East Boulevard Avenue, Dept 325, Bismarck, ND 58505-0250

Phone Number: **(701) 328-4809** Fax Number: **(701) 328-3538** E-Mail Address: <u>ljagielo@nd.gov</u>

Web address: http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/childcare/

1.3 Estimated Funding

The Lead Agency <u>estimates</u> that the following amounts will be available for child care services and related activities during the 1-year period: October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2008. (§98.13(a))

CCDF: \$ 9,212,224

Federal TANF Transfer to CCDF: \$ 250,000

Direct Federal TANF Spending on Child Care: \$ 500,000 State CCDF Maintenance of Effort Funds: \$ 1,017,036

State Matching Funds: \$1,721,351 Total Funds Available: \$12,700,611

1.4 Estimated Administration Cost

The Lead Agency <u>estimates</u> that the following amount (and percentage) of Federal CCDF and State Matching Funds will be used to administer the program (not to exceed 5 percent): \$\frac{631,472}{5}\cdot (5\%). (658E(c) (3), \\$\\$98.13(a), 98.52)

1.5 Administration of the Program

Does the Lead Agency directly administer and implement <u>all</u> services, programs and
activities funded under the CCDF Act, <u>including</u> those described in Part 5.1 – Activities
& Services to Improve the Quality and Availability of Child Care, Quality Earmarks and
Set-Aside?

	Yes.
\mathbf{X}	No. If no, use the table below to identify the name and type of agency that
	delivers services and activities. (If the Lead Agency performs the task, mark "n/a"
	in the box under "Agency." If more than one agency performs the task, identify
	all agencies in the box under "Agency," and indicate in the box to the right
	whether each is a non-government entity.)

Service/Activity	Agency	Non-Government Entity (see Guidance for definition)
Determines individual		
eligibility:		
a) TANF families	County Social Service Offices	Yes X No
b) Non-TANF families	County Social Service Offices	Yes X No
Assists parents in locating care	Child Care Resource and	X Yes No
	Referral: Lutheran Social	
	Services and Lakes and	
	Prairies	
Makes the provider payment	Counties enter the payment	Yes X No
	into computer; checks mailed	
	by Lead Agency	
Quality activities	Child Care Resource and	X Yes No
	Referral: Lutheran Social	
	Services and Lakes and	
	Prairies	
Other:		Yes No

If the Lead Agency uses outside agencies to deliver services and activities, **describe** how the Lead Agency maintains overall control.

The Lead Agency is the North Dakota Department of Human Services. The Child Care Subsidy Administrator and Early Childhood Services Administrator write policy and the county offices are required to administer the subsidy and quality functions in the same manner. North Dakota Century Code 50-11.1-07, Service Chapter 620-01, N.D.C.C § 50-01.2-00(3), and §50-01.2-03-2(1). governs the relationship between the Lead Agency and the counties.

The Early Childhood Services Administrator writes policy for contracts with North Dakota's Child Care Resource and Referral Networks and these program are required to administer the parent referral process and quality activities accordingly. North Dakota Century Code 50-11.1-11 and Service Chapter 620-01 govern the Lead Agencies relationships with the CCR&R's.

Subsidy

Child Care Subsidy Administrator supervises county social service eligibility workers by writing and maintaining program policy, rates and sliding fee schedule and providing training.

Economic Assistance Regional Representatives (Economic Assistance State Office Staff) providing training and assistance to counties concerning programmatic issues as needed.

A sampling plan has been developed to select CCAP payments for review each year. The results of the reviews are provided to the county as the reviews are done; the results of the statewide reviews are presented to the County Directors Association and the Economic Assistance Regional Representatives. Based on the reviews additional training may be done and reminders sent to the counties about the problems occurring.

When clients or providers contact the Subsidy Administrator about subsidy payment issues, the county eligibility worker is involved if the problem cannot be solved. If there appears to be a larger issue than just one payment, the Regional Representative or the Supervisor at the county is notified so the issue can be addressed.

If there continues to be problems within the county, the county director is notified and asked by the State Subsidy Administrator for a plan by the county to correct the problems.

Quality

North Dakota has a state-supervised, county-administered system.

The Early Childhood Services Administrator programmatically supervises ECS Regional Supervisors and county child care licensing workers by: writing and maintaining program rules, regulations and policies for the child care licensing system. Direct supervision of Early Childhood Services Regional Supervisors is the responsibility of the eight Regional Human Services Center Directors. Direct supervision of county child care licensors is the responsibility of the county directors.

The counties are not branches of the Department of Human Services (lead agency). The relationship is governed by North Dakota Century Code, which states that the county has the role of licensing. Roles and responsibilities are identified in program policy and procedure manuals. Regional Representatives for Early Childhood Services (State Licensing Staff) work with and monitor county licensers work. County Reimbursement for licensing costs from the CCDF monies is contingent upon compliance with State Policy and Procedures.

The Early Childhood Services Administrator conducts regular conference calls and meetings to monitor the work and to provide updated licensing information to the Regional Representatives for Early Childhood Services.

Regional Representatives for Early Childhood Services (State Licensing staff located at Regional offices) provide training and technical assistance to counties concerning program issues. They meet on a regular basis with the counties' licensing staff to monitor work and to provide updated licensing information.

The Early Childhood Services Administrator contracts/works with the Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource and Referral (CCR&R) agencies in their role with child care providers. The Early Childhood Services Administrator receives quarterly and semi-annual reports from CCR&R, meets with CCR&R Directors at least three times per year, and participates in monthly conference calls to monitor contracted services.

The Early Childhood Services Administrator writes and issues a Request for Proposals (RFP) every four years for Child Care Resource and Referral Services. The last time a RFP was issued was in April of 2005.

1.6 Use of Private Donated Funds

Will the Lead Agency use private funds to meet a part of the matching requirement of the CCDF pursuant to §98.53(e)(2)?

		Yes	Donated directly to the State? Donated to a separate entity designated to receive private donated funds? Name: Address: Contact:	
	X	No.	Type:	
1.7	Use of	Stat	te Pre-Kindergarten (Pre-K) Expenditures for CCDF-Eligible Children	
	1.7.1 During this plan period, will State expenditures for Pre-K programs be us meet <u>any</u> of the CCDF maintenance of effort (MOE) requirement?			
			Yes, and: () The State assures that its level of effort in full day/full year child care services has not been reduced, pursuant to §98.53(h)(1).	
			(%) Estimated percentage of the MOE requirement that will be met with pre-K expenditures.(Not to exceed 20%.)	
			If the State uses Pre-K expenditures to meet more than 10% of the MOE requirement, the following describes how the State will coordinate its Pre-K and child care services to expand the availability of child care (§98.53(h)(4)):	
		X	No.	
	1.7.2		ring this plan period, will State expenditures for Pre-K programs be used to et any of the CCDF Matching Fund requirement? (§98.53(h))	
			Yes, and (%) Estimated percentage of the Matching Fund requirement that will be met with pre-K expenditures. (Not to exceed 20%.)	
			If the State uses Pre-K expenditures to meet more than 10% of the Matching Fund requirement, the following describes how the State will coordinate its Pre-K and child care services to expand the availability of child care (§98.53(h)(4)):	
		X	No.	

1.7.3 If the State answered yes to 1.7.1 or 1.7.2, the following **describes** State efforts to ensure that pre-K programs meet the needs of working parents: (§98.53(h)(2))

1.8 Improper Payments

- 1.8.1 How does the Lead Agency define improper payments?

 An improper payment is any payment where the provider is overpaid for the child care services required for the parent to participate in an allowable activity. This includes, but is not limited to, excess billing of hours, charging a higher rate for a subsidy parent than for a private pay parent, the parent writing a statement stating the parent is to be paid directly and forging the provider's name, and the provider changing the billing report after the parent has signed it.
- 1.8.2 Has your State implemented strategies to prevent, measure, identify, reduce and/or collect improper payments? (§98.60(i), §98.65, §98.67)
 - **X** Yes, and these strategies are:

The office of the Subsidy Administrator exchanges payment information with the Tribes to ensure that both the State and the Tribal Programs are not paying the same child care bill during the same month.

There is a case review process, which reveals whether there are eligibility requirements being missed or improperly administered. The county receives a copy of the review done on each of its cases. The Statewide summary of all errors is presented to the counties at the County Directors meetings. The results of the reviews have been the basis of training and for mandating the CCAP Excel Worksheet to determine payments.

The form "SFN 848, Provider's Request to Pay Parent Directly" has been developed so that the provider has to complete it if the payment is to go to the parent.

No. If no, are there plans underway to determine and implement such
strategies?
Yes, and these planned strategies are:
No.

PART 2 DEVELOPING THE CHILD CARE PROGRAM

2.1 Consultation and Coordination

2.1.1 Lead Agencies are required to *consult* with appropriate agencies and *coordinate* with other Federal, State, local, tribal (if applicable) and private agencies providing child care and early childhood development services (§98.12, §98.14(a),(b), §98.16(d)). **Indicate** the entities with which the Lead Agency has consulted or coordinated (as defined below), by checking the appropriate box(es) in the following table.

Consultation involves the meeting with or otherwise obtaining input from an appropriate agency in the <u>development of the State Plan</u>. At a minimum, Lead Agencies must consult with representatives of general purpose local governments (noted by the asterisk in the chart below).

Coordination involves the coordination of child care and early childhood development service delivery, including efforts to coordinate across multiple entities, both public and private (for instance, in connection with a State Early Childhood Comprehensive System (SECCS) grant or infant-toddler initiative). At a minimum, Lead Agencies must coordinate with (1) other Federal, State, local, Tribal (if applicable), and/or private agencies responsible for providing child care and early childhood development services, (2) public health (including the agency responsible for immunizations and programs that promote children's emotional and mental health), (3) employment services / workforce development, (4) public education, (5) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), and (6) any Indian Tribes in the State receiving CCDF funds (noted by the asterisks in the chart below).

	Consultation in Development of the Plan	Coordination with Service Delivery
Other Federal, State, local, Tribal (if applicable), and private agencies providing child care and early childhood development services.	X	X *
Public health	X	X *
Employment services / workforce development		X *
Public education		X *
TANF	X	X *

	Consultation in Development of the Plan	Coordination with Service Delivery
Indian Tribes/Tribal Organizations, when such entities exist within the boundaries of the State	X	X
Representatives of local government	X*	
State/Tribal agency (agencies) responsible for:		
State pre-kindergarten programs N/A		
Head Start programs	X	X
Programs that promote inclusion for children with special needs		X
Emergency preparedness°		
Other (See guidance):		

^{*} Required.

For each box checked above, (a) identify the agency providing the service and (b) describe the consultation and coordination efforts. Descriptions must be provided for any consultation or coordination required by statute or regulation.

SEE TABLE BELOW FOR THIS INFORMATION.

^o If you have prepared an emergency preparedness plan related to your child care and early childhood development services, attach it as **Attachment 2.1.1**. **NA**

Although training was held on this topic, the emergency preparedness plan was not completed under the prior Early Childhood Services Administrator. The current administrator is aware of this need and is a new member of a state-wide committee for Pandemic Flu Preparedness. She will work with the appropriate entities to develop necessary emergency preparedness plans with the child care field in North Dakota.

	Agency Name	Consultation/coordination Efforts
Other Federal,	Lutheran Social	CCR&R's, North Dakota Association for the
State, local,	Services and Lakes	Education of Young Children, and North Dakota
Tribal (if	& Prairies CCR&R	Child Care Providers Inc.
applicable), and		provide input on the state plan.
private agencies	North Dakota	
providing child	Association for the	The CCR&R's provide the child care referral and
care and early	Education of	training infrastructure.
childhood	Young Children	
development		We consult on and coordinate with Tribal entities on

	Agency Name	Consultation/coordination Efforts
services.	North Dakota Child Care Providers Inc Spirit Lake, Trenton Area Service Area, Standing Rock.	Program for Infant and Toddler Caregivers training, on increasing the quality and quantity of infant toddler care, by sharing a child care licensing consultant, and by consulting with tribes on the ND Professional Development Plan: Growing Futures.
Public health	Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance is the entity that guides Early Childhood Comprehensive Systems work in ND. Membership includes Public Health personnel.	Members of the Alliance assist in writing and revisions of the ND Early Childhood Comprehensive Systems and Professional Development plans. Quarterly meetings are held to improve the coordination of services at community level. ND Public Health Nurses coordinate dissemination
	Public Health Nurses	of information on immunizations and reportable communicable diseases through early childhood programs with the assistance of the Early Childhood Services Administrator.
Employment services / workforce development	Federal Reserve Bank in Minneapolis, MN, State Legislators, & the Regional VII Early Childhood Intervention and	"Early Childhood is Economic Development" summits have been held in three locations across state in the past two years. Additional summits will be held 2008-09 in the Northern Tier of ND. Work evolves based upon the communities in which the summits are held.
	Prevention Task Force Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies CCR&R	Child Care Resource and Referrals' Business Services Center assists child care programs and providers in start up and in understanding and streamlining current business practices. Maintains a accurate and up-to-date website at: http://ndchildcare.org/businessresources/index.htm
		During the 2008-2009 CCDF years, the Business Services Center has arranged for small business loans at low interest rates for select child care operators.

	Agency Name	Consultation/coordination Efforts
		Helps to increase the quality and quantity of child care programs in North Dakota.
	Dept of Labor	We have one program that continues to implement programmatic aspects from the Apprenticeship project of prior years.
	Dept of Eason	The Dept's of Labor and/or Commerce will be included in various committees and work groups of the CCDF.
Public education	Department of Public Instruction	DPI has co-funded the writing contract for the Early Learning Guidelines Birth through age Five.
		DPI has assisted in the editing of that document.
		DPI plans to assist in giving feedback, formatting, and distributing the Early Learning Guidelines. They also plan to assist in the "roll-out" of the Early Learning Guidelines Ages Three Through Five subset.
		DPI has representation on Healthy North Dakota's Early Childhood Alliance and the Early Childhood Professional Development Committee.
	Child and Adult Food Program, located in DPI	Assists in monitoring some regulations and in providing nutritional programs for child care providers and programs
TANF	Dept Human Services Office of Economic Assistance	The Child Care Subsidy Administrator, who is located in the Economic Assistance office and does the subsidy portion of the Plan, works closely with the TANF/Job Administrator in ensuring that certificates and child care payments work for the different TANF projects.

	Agency Name	Consultation/coordination Efforts
Indian Tribes/Tribal Organizations, when such entities exist within the boundaries of the State	North Dakota Tribal Child Care programs	Child Care Subsidy Administrator assists a person working with some of the Tribes with any changes to the State sliding fee scale and gives her a copy of the update Excel Worksheet. Approximately fifty per cent of the Early Childhood Professional Development Committee membership is Tribal. Lutheran Social Services Child Care Resource and Referral PITC Coordinator, two tribal representatives, and the Early Childhood Services Administrator co-wrote the 2008 Infant-Toddler Proposal to the Archibald Bush Foundation. When funded we will consult and coordinate our infant toddler efforts.
Representatives of local government	County licensors	A minimum of 8 county licensors and 2 county directors serve on the Early Childhood Services State team. Other members of this team include Child Care Resource and Referral staff members from both Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies. The primary goal of the ECS State Team is to coordinate and blend services between/among licensing (minimum standards) and quality initiatives. We meet in person a minimum of twice a year and may meet two additional times via Polycom©/IVN.
		In 2007, we began an initiative to have a team of experienced county licensors train new licensors. We will utilize this new cadre for training again in 2009. The Child Subsidy work group, consisting of the CCA Subsidy Administrator, the LIHEAP State Office worker who assists in child care reviews, and county eligibility workers from across the state, develop policy and updated the policy manual to reflect the changes.
State/Tribal agency (agencies) responsible for:		

	Agency Name	Consultation/coordination Efforts
State pre- kindergarten programs N/A	N/A	N/A
Head Start programs	Head Start State Collaboration Office	HS-SCO Administrator works hand-in-hand with Early Childhood Services Administrator on most quality initiatives.
	All Head Start programs in state, including tribal	Are asked for input on the state plan
Programs that promote inclusion for children with special needs	Dept of Human Services, Early Intervention	Representatives serve together on the Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (HNDECA) (ECCS) and Professional Development/Quality Initiatives. We are working to raise awareness and increase knowledge regarding issues of inclusion in our professional development trainings
	Part C	The Early Childhood Services Administrator serves on the Interagency Coordinating Council. We are striving to notify and include child care providers and caregivers in trainings that are designed for parents of children with special needs AND to notify and include early intervention staff members and parents of children with special needs of our cadre that was trained by Zero-to-Three to with child care providers, and others, to reduce the incidence of Child Abuse and Neglect in very young children.
Emergency preparedness°	Dept of Health, Dept of Emergency Services	Early Childhood Services Administrator is a member on a state-wide committee to address Pandemic preparedness.
	Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource and Referral	Child Care Nurses of the CCR&R's are members of local emergency preparedness and pandemic flu tasks forces and councils. This prepares them to assist child care programs in making emergency preparedness plans and to build awareness between community preparedness planners and the child care providers.

	Agency Name	Consultation/coordination Efforts
		The Early Childhood Services State Team will be developing policies, and perhaps administrative rules, on emergency preparedness.
		A panel of regional experts will present on emergency preparedness for child care programs and providers in Eastern North Dakota in late fall 2007.
Other (See guidance):		

encou progra	Plan for Early Childhood Program Coordination. <i>Good Start, Grow Smart</i> trages States to develop a plan for coordination across early childhood ams. Indicate which of the following best describes the current status of the sefforts in this area. Note: Check only ONE.
	Planning . Indicate whether steps are under way to develop a plan. If so, describe the time frames for completion and/or implementation, the steps anticipated, and how the plan is expected to support early language, literacy, pre-reading and early math concepts.
	Developing. A plan is being drafted. The draft is included as Attachment 2.1.2 .
X	Developed . A plan has been written but has not yet been implemented. The plan is included as Attachment 2.1.2 .
	Implementing . A plan has been written and is now in the process of being implemented. The plan is included as Attachment 2.1.2 . Other (describe) :
	encouprogra State's

Describe the progress made by the State planning for coordination across early childhood programs since the date of submission of the 2006-2007 State Plan.

Each of the five sub-committees of the Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (HNDECA) (ECCS)--Early Care and Education, Mental Health and Social-Emotional Development, Access to Health Insurance and Medical Home, Parenting Education, and Family Support--have met quarterly.

They are in the process of updating the objectives from the original Logic Model and are determining the work plan activities that are needed to attain each objective. For each activity, the work plan includes both government and private partners, resources needed, person(s) responsible, start dates and due dates. In addition, the Steering Committee has assigned itself goal one—

Develop a state level entity for early care and education that builds a statewide network and assures agency collaboration. In 2008-09, all committees will continue to meet and to implement HNDECA goals.

Indicate whether there is an entity that is responsible for ensuring that such coordination occurs. Indicate the four or more early childhood programs and/or funding streams that are coordinated and describe the nature of the coordination.

The entity in North Dakota that has accepted the responsibility for coordinating early childhood systems (ECCS) work is the Steering Committee of the Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance which is under the Department of Health.

Programs/agencies involved include, but are not limited to, Department of Health (Division of Child and Adolescent Health), Department of Human Services (Head Start Collaboration Office, Early Childhood Services Office, and Child Care Subsidy Office), Dept of Public Instruction, Lutheran Social Services of North Dakota and Lakes & Prairies Community Action Program Child Care Resource & Referral agencies, Right Tracks (early intervention), North Dakota Kids Count, North Dakota State University Extension Services/Parent Resource Centers, Family Voices of North Dakota, Head Start Technical Assistance, Prevent Child Abuse North Dakota, Dakota Medical Foundation, county human service directors, and county child care licensers.

The coordination work has included the Department of Public Instruction and the Department of Human Services co-funding and co-editing drafts of the Early Learning Guidelines.

The Early Childhood Services Office has submitted a grant to the Archibald Bush Foundation for financial assistance in developing a plan for the coordination of resources from Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies, North Dakota State University Extension Services/Parent Resource Centers, and NDPASS (North Dakota Parent Assistance and Supportive Schools) Statewide Parent Information and Resource Center (PIRC) to begin to meet the needs of family, friend, and neighbor caregivers.

Representatives of Local Governments

The Early Childhood Services Administrator oversees the child care licensing system for the state. The county social service offices hire licensors to conduct child care licensing studies, investigate complaints, and issue correction orders. The Early Childhood Administrator provides partial funding for these services with CCDF monies.

The Child Care Subsidy Administrator meets with the directors of the county social service offices when changes in the subsidy program are anticipated or there are issues that need to be resolved within the counties. The county directors are also the contacts for the child care subsidy reviews, and are updated on a regular basis on the progress and problems with the reviews. The directors plus the Child Care Subsidy Work group (eligibility workers from the counties) provide on-going assistance for operation of the Subsidy Program and have input to the updates to the State Plan.

<u>Tribal</u>

The Early Childhood Services Administrator works collaboratively with Spirit Lake Tribes and Trenton Indian Services in the delivery of the North Dakota Program for Infant Toddler Caregivers funded by the Archibald Bush Foundation of St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Early Childhood Services Administrator will include tribal representation in the review of the Early Learning Guidelines and includes tribal representation on the Early Care and Education Professional Development Committee.

The Early Childhood Services Administrator will be sponsoring a three-day NARA licensing training for county licensor, tribal licensors, and Child Care Resources and Referral staff.

Other Federal, State, local, Tribal and private agencies providing child care and early childhood development services:

ND Program for Infant/Toddler Caregivers (Tribal & State), funded by the Archibald Bush Foundation of St. Paul, Minnesota, is a private non-profit foundation in Minnesota. The Early Childhood Services Administrator provides leadership for, contracts with, and monitoring of the services to:

Lakes and Prairies Community Action Agency - a private non-profit that serves the eastern half of the state; and

Lutheran Social Services – a private, faith-based, non-profit that serves the western half of the state; (LSS also houses the PITC State Office) and Trenton Indian Services Area - a Tribal Services Area; and Spirit Lake Sioux Tribe.

ND CCR&R Network is funded with CCDF. The Early Childhood Services Administrator provides leadership for, contracts with, and monitoring of:

Lakes and Prairies Community Action Agency – a private non-profit that serves the eastern half of the state; and

Lutheran Social Services - a private non-profit, faith based that serves the western half of the state.

State/Tribal agency (agencies) responsible for:

Public health

The Dept of Health is the lead agency for the Early Childhood Comprehensive System Planning Grant—Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance. The Dept of Human Services Early Childhood Services Administrator, the quality administrator of CCDF is actively involved in planning and participating

Employment services/workforce development

Child Care Subsidy Administrator works closely with the TANF/Jobs Program Supervisor who works closely with Job Service of North Dakota. The Child Care Subsidy Administrator will attend meetings with the TANF/Jobs Program Administrator and the Public Assistance Administrator with ND Job Service, which currently has the contract for the JOBS Program.

Public Education

A Planning/Development/Funding Group that consisted of the Early Childhood Services Administrator representing CCDF and the N.D. Department of Public Instruction entered into an agreement with a writing team to draft the Early Learning Guidelines Birth to Five. The Early Childhood Services Administrator and representatives from the ND DPI then edited the document that was produced. The Early Learning Guidelines are also an important component of the ECCS work of the Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance.

TANF

The Department of Human Services, the Lead Agency, is the agency that houses the TANF program. Since CCDF funds are used as one of the child care funding payment sources systems for TANF clients, the TANF/JOBS Program Supervisor and the Child Care Subsidy Administrator work closely to ensure that all program requirements for both programs are meet, and that the county staff understand how to correctly pay and record TANF payments.

Head Start/Early Head Start Programs

The Head Start Collaboration Office is located in the ND Department of Human Services. The Early Childhood Services Administrator and the Head Start Collaboration Administrator work on many projects such as the Professional Development Plan and the Early Learning Guidelines. Many Head Start/Early Head Start Programs participate in the CARECHECK Registry administered by the Early Childhood Services Administrator writes. CARECHECK is a voluntary background check registry. Background checks include Child Abuse and Neglect, Registered sex offenders list, and the criminal background checks of the State Crime Bureau and FBI.

Programs that promote inclusion for children with special needs

The Early Childhood Services Administrator from the ND Department of Human Services are serving on the Interagency Coordinating Council (Part C).

The Professional Development Committee has been funded with Head Start Collaboration funds. Head Start Collaboration Administrator and the Early Childhood Services Administrator, who represents the quality aspect of the CCDF, are actively involved in the leadership of the project. The Early Childhood Administrator has the responsibility for ensuring that the coordination occurs.

The Early Learning Guidelines are funded with the Head Start Collaboration, CCDF, and Part C-DD funds and funds from the Department of Public Instruction 619 of Part B. Both agencies are actively involved in the leadership of the project. The Early Childhood Services Administrator, the Head Start Collaboration Administrator and the ND Department of Public Instruction are responsible for ensuring that the coordination occurs.

Tribal/State Child Care Licensing Consultant Project is funded by State CCDF funds and funds from the Spirit Lake Nation and the Standing Rock Sioux Tribe. Each entity is sharing resources for child care licensing system development for both tribal nations. The Early Childhood Services Administrator and Lutheran Social Services of North Dakota (service contract holder) have the responsibility to ensure that the coordination occurs.

North Dakota Program for Infant Toddler Caregivers was funded for the past 12 years by the Archibald Bush Foundation of St. Paul and the Early Childhood Services Administrator to provide an intensive trainings and consultation services for those who care for infants and toddlers. This statewide project was inclusive of the reservations. Program supervision was coordinated by the Infant Toddler State Office. PITC will now be funded with TANF dollars transferred into the CCDF for this purpose. PITC will become a CCR&R program.

Describe the results or expected results of this coordination. Discuss how these results relate to the development and implementation of the State's early learning guidelines, plans for professional development, and outcomes for children.

The coordination will result in a:

System building that will enable both state and tribal systems to embrace new initiatives for young children.

A professional development system that will help facilitate better qualified early childhood professionals, to include but not limited to providers/caregivers, directors, licensors, and child care nurse consultants.

Early Learning Guidelines and trainings in how to incorporate them into child care programs that will provide early childhood professionals and parents with developmentally appropriate guidance in facilitating the learning of young children.

Early Learning Guidelines that are aligned with the Kindergarten standards of our state.

The integration of Early Learning Guidelines into all other professional development initiatives.

Overall arching objective is to create safe, healthy, quality learning environments for the young children in our state.

Describe how the State's plan supports or will support continued coordination among the programs. Are changes anticipated in the plan?

The Early Childhood Services Administrator will continue to provide CCDF funding and leadership among the programs. All programs have steering committees.

All of the programs' committees and sub-committees continually evaluate their committee's composition to ensure necessary expertise and state and tribal representation are present. The Early Childhood Services Administrator, with assistance for the Head Start State Collaboration Administrator and the Department of Human Services Tribal Liaison, has engaged in working with various Tribal representatives to regain trust and re-establish collaboration efforts. Tribal child care professionals are now members of the professional development committee and we continue to seek additional ways to work together.

The Early Childhood Services Office has submitted a grant to the Archibald Bush Foundation for financial assistance in establishing or deepening relationships with relevant Tribal representatives to improve upon our consultation and coordination of resources and services among Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies, The Early Care and Education Unit, the Tribes and other entities.

Changes in the plan are anticipated and will be addressed through a consensus process to achieve outcomes that place the developmental needs of children first.

2.2 Public Hearing Process

Describe the Statewide public hearing process held to provide the public an opportunity to comment on the provision of child care services under this Plan. (658D(b)(1)(C), §98.14(c)) At a minimum, the description must provide:

Date(s) of statewide notice of public hearing: **Notices were published in seven newspapers on May 25, in two on May 24 and one on May 28.**

Manner of notifying the public about the statewide hearing:

The Child Care Subsidy Administrator placed advertisements in ten newspapers; letters and copies of the draft plans were sent to the Tribal Chairpersons, the eight Human Service Centers and Head Start/Early Head Start; letters or emails are sent to Tribal CCA staff, County Directors, Economic Assistance Regional Representative; and CCR&R's are notified so they can put the information in newsletter.

Date(s) of public hearing(s): **Tuesday June 19, 2007**

Hearing site(s):

The Child Care Subsidy Administrator scheduled and conducted a public hearing via North Dakota Interactive Video Network (IVN) connecting with locations in the following sites:

Bismarck State College, Vocational Technical Center, Room 228 Bismarck

Dickinson State University, North Campus, Room 104, Dickinson Williston State College, Main Building, Room 120, Williston Minot State University, Administration Building, Room 158, Minot Lake Region State College, Administration Building, Room 171, Devils Lake

University of North Dakota, Gamble Hall, Room 120, Grand Forks North Dakota State University, E. Morrow Lebedeff (EML) Building, Room 170, Fargo

Jamestown James Valley Career and Technical Center (JVCTC), Room D, Jamestown

How the content of the plan was made available to the public in advance of the public hearing(s):

Paper copies of this proposal were available in the eight Human Service Regional offices, the Tribal Chairperson have them, one is available in the Children and Family Services Division and the Economic Assistance Division services at the Capitol. An electronic version was placed on the DHS website on http://www.nd.gov/dhs/info/pubs/childcarepub.html. It is on the child care web site with links to the Child Care Assistance Home Page, the Department's home page, and the Early Childhood Service and the Child Care Subsidy's Q and A section.

Input for the plan was received during the Early Childhood Services Administrator's ongoing participation in: the Early Childhood Services Professional Development Committee; the Early Learning Guidelines

Editing group; and the Early Childhood Comprehensive Systems Grant Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance stakeholders group and Steering Committee, and State/Core Team. The Early Childhood Services Administrator confers on a regular basis with Child Care Resource and Referral staff and the Early Childhood Services Regional Supervisors regarding the current plan and potential initiatives.

The Child Care Subsidy Administrator received ongoing input from the Work Group for Child Care subsidy as changes were made to the program.

A brief summary of the public comments from this process is included as **Attachment 2.2**.**

2.3 Public-Private Partnerships

Does the Lead Agency conduct or plan to conduct activities to encourage public-private partnerships that promote private-sector involvement in meeting child care needs?

X	Yes. If yes, describe these activities or planned activities, including the results or expected results.
	No.

The Early Childhood Services Office, as part of the Early Childhood Comprehensive Systems Grant with Healthy North Dakota's Early Childhood Alliance is exploring the possibility of conducting a formalized analysis of core issues and determining next steps.

As the Early Childhood Comprehensive Systems work moves forward, the work plan grid requires the identification of both government and private entities for every activity determined to be needed to reach the objectives under each goal.

The State of North Dakota has an on-going positive collaboration with the Archibald Bush Foundation in St Paul, MN. It is our intention to work with Bush to build upon our past work.

PART 3 CHILD CARE SERVICES OFFERED

3.1 Description of Child Care Services

3.1.1 Certificate Payment System

Describe the overall child care certificate process, including, at a minimum: (1) a description of the form of the certificate (98.16(k));

A client can received an application for Child Care Assistance either by calling the county social service office, stopping at the county social service office or printing the form from the State online forms. Head Start Programs, child care centers and others also have application forms available. The application is to be returned to the county office either by mailing it or dropping the form at the local county social service office. The client also can schedule an appointment with an eligibility worker.

If the verification of income is included with the application and if the client is in an allowable activity, the worker will issue a certificate based on the application's information. If the information is incomplete, the worker will send a pending notice to inform the client what information is needed to determine eligibility for the CCAP.

The length of the certificate will depend on the activity. A client who has just started a new job would be issued a three-month certificate. The case will be re-evaluated in two months to determine an updated percentage when the client has a complete month of income with the new job. If the client is a TANF client or is working and will be eligible based on the sliding fee scale, the certificate would be for six months.

On the 25th of the month (or the first working day after the 25th if the 25th is not a working day) prior to the certificate's ending month, a redetermination form will automatically be generated. During the last month of the current certificate, the update information will be used to determine if another certificate will be issued and mailed out.

The North Dakota Child Care Certificate consists of 4 pages back to back. There are two copies, one for the client and one for the provider. The front of the first page lists: client's name and address; the children for whom child care will be paid; the certificate time period; the state's percentage; the client's percentage and family maximum payment; and the current allowable activity.

The front of the second page lists the Mandatory Reportable Changes during the certificate period. Other included information included: that providers

must be licensed, registered, self-certified or an approved relative; the charges over the allowable maximum charges is the client's responsibility and the CCAP is not responsible for unpaid bills.

There are lines for the worker to notify the client of other things such as the provider's license expires in three months, or that a child will no be longer eligible for child care in two months because the child is turning thirteen, et cetera. The worker's name and telephone number are also listed so the client easily can contact the worker.

The back of the first page has the allowable maximum rates listed for all provider types, ages, and the hours of care. The back of the second page contains the client's right to appeal.

(2) a description of how the certificate program permits parents to choose from a variety of child care settings by explaining how a parent moves from receipt of the certificate to choice of the provider; (658E(c)(2)(A)(iii), 658P(2), 98.2, 98.30(c)(4) & (e)(1) & (2))

Both the client's copy and the provider's copy of the certificate are mailed to the client. The client can take the provider's copy to any licensed, registered, or self-certified provider. If an approved relative has been approved for the client's children, the client would give that approved relative the provider's copy. Since the CCAP pays the same percentage of the allowable maximum for any provider type, the client has the option of taking the certificate to any provider who meets the CCAP requirements.

and

(3) if the Lead Agency is also providing child care services through grants and contracts, estimate the <u>proportion of §98.50 services available through certificates versus grants/contracts</u>, and explain how it ensures that parents offered child care services are given the option of receiving a child care certificate. (98.30(a) & (b)) This may be expressed in terms of dollars, number of slots, or percentages of services. **Not applicable as all child care subsidy payments are processed using certificates.**

Attach a copy of your eligibility worker's manual, policy handbook, or other printed guidelines for administering the child care subsidy program as **Attachment 3.1.1.** If these materials are available on the web, the State may provide the appropriate Web site address in lieu of attaching hard copies to the Plan.

http://www.nd.gov/dhs/policymanuals/home/financialhelp/childcare.html

Note: Eligibility worker's manuals, policy handbooks, or other printed guidelines for administering a child care subsidy program will be used for reference purposes only. Documents provided by Lead Agencies pursuant to this section will not be uniformly or comprehensively reviewed and will not

be considered part of the Plan. All information required to be part of the Plan must continue to be set forth in the Plan.

3.1.2	.2 In addition to offering certificates, does the Lead Agency also have grants contracts for child care slots?			
		Yes, and the following describes the types of child care services, the process for accessing grants or contracts, and the range of providers that will be available through grants or contracts: $(658A(b)(1), 658P(4), $\$98.16(g)(1), 98.30(a)(1) & (b))$		
	X	No.		
3.1.3		ead Agency must allow for in-home care but may limit its use. Does the Agency limit the use of in-home care in any way?		
	X	Yes, and the limits and the reasons for those limits are: $(\S\S98.16(g)(2), 98.30(e)(1)(iv))$ In-home care is limited as it becomes more expensive for the family, as the family is responsible to ensure minimum wage, plus other benefits as an employer. In-home care, by a provider residing outside the child's home, is allowed for seriously ill children and for children with disabilities so severe; it is risky to the child out of the home. Parents are notified that they are responsible for minimum wage and other benefits as an employer.		
		When the provider and the child reside in the same house, the house is considered by each to be their home. These child care providers (such as a grandparent, but not a parent) must meet the same requirement as any other licensed, registered, approved relative or self-certified provider.		
		No.		
3.1.4		nild care services provided through certificates, grants and/or contracts d throughout the State? (658E(a), §98.16(g)(3))		
	X	Yes.		
		No, and the following are the localities (political subdivisions) and the services that are not offered:		

3.2 Payment Rates for the Provision of Child Care

The statute at 658E(c)(4) and the regulations at §98.43(b)(1) require the Lead Agency to establish payment rates for child care services that ensure eligible children equal access to comparable care.

These rates are provided as **Attachment 3.2A**.

The attached payment rates were effective as of **April 2007.**

Provide a summary of the facts relied on by the State to determine that the attached rates are sufficient to ensure equal access to comparable child care services provided to children whose parents are not eligible to receive child care assistance under the CCDF and other governmental programs. Include, at a minimum:

- The month and year when the local market rate survey(s) was completed: **January 2007**. (§98.43(b)(2))
- A copy of the **Market Rate Survey instrument** and a <u>summary of the results</u> of the survey are provided as **Attachment 3.2B**. At a minimum, this summary should include a description of the sample population, data source, the type of methodology used, response rate, description of analyses, and key findings (**See Guidance for additional information.**)

•	Does the Lead Agency use its <u>current</u> Market Rate Survey (a survey completed within the allowable time period $-10/1/05$ - $9/30/07$) to set payment rates?				
		Yes.			
	X	No.			

At what percentile of the <u>current</u> Market Rate Survey is the State rate ceiling set? If you do not use your current Market Rate Survey to set your rate ceilings or your percentile varies across categories of care (e.g., type of setting, region, age of children), describe and provide the range of variation in relation to your current survey. (See Guidance for additional information.)

Below are the monthly rates for care for the providers who are paid at the same rates as centers and the licensed family providers and in-home providers.

Ages	Rate	Current Rate at 75	2007 Market Current Rates' % of Market Rate		
8			Percentile	75 Percentile	
Centers*					
Infants (Bir	th to 2)	460	480	96	
2 & 3 year o	lds	440	450	98	
4 & 5 year o	lds	420	430	98	
6 through 12 year olds		400	400	100	
Licensed Fai	nily and In-Ho	ome			
Infants (Bir	th to 2)	440	440	100	
2 & 3 year o	lds	400	440	91	
4 & 5 year o	lds	392	420	83	
6 through 12 year olds		380	400	95	

^{*} Includes Centers, Pre-Schools, School Age, Group Facilities

The lowest percentile was for four and five year olds in family homes and inhomes. This category is a new one effective April 1, 2007. These children used to be included with the six through twelve year olds, and some providers bill the State rates. It is expected that the next Market Rate Survey will reflect the change in the State's allowable maximum rate for four and five year olds.

• How the payment rates are adequate to ensure equal access to the full range of providers based on the results of the above noted local market rate survey (i.e., describe the relationship between the attached payment rates and the market rates observed in the survey): (§98.43(b))

Some providers in all of the licensed categories accept CCAP subsidy clients.

	•		8	•	•	
•	Does the Lead Agency rates ensure equal acce	•	ditional fa	acts to determ	ine that its paym	ient
	Yes. If, yes, de X	scribe.				
•	Does the State have a t centers and family chil beyond basic licensing	d care homes tha	•	` U		
	Yes. If yes, des	scribe:				

There is no plan at this time to consider tiered reimbursement after a quality improvement system has been developed and implemented.

3.3 Eligibility Criteria for Child Care

3.3.1 Age Eligibility

Does the Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children above age 13 but below age 19 who are physically and/or mentally incapable of self-care? (Physical and mental incapacity must then be defined in Appendix 2.) (658E(c)(3)(B), 658P(3), §98.20(a)(1)(ii))

X	Yes, and the upper age is <u>18.</u> .
	No.
but bel	he Lead Agency allow CCDF-funded child care for children above age 13 ow age 19 who are under court supervision? (658P(3), 658E(c)(3)(B), (a)(1)(ii))
X	Yes, and the upper age is 18.
	No.

3.3.2 Income Eligibility

<u>Complete columns (a) and (b) in the matrix below.</u> Complete Columns (c) and (d) <u>ONLY IF</u> the Lead Agency is using income eligibility limits <u>lower</u> than 85% of the SMI.

			IF APPLICABLE		
Family	(a) 100% of State Median	(b) 85% of State Median Income	Income Level, lower than 85% SM if used to limit eligibility		
Family Size	Income (SMI) (\$/month)	(SMI) (\$/month) [Multiply (a) by 0.85]	(c) \$/month	(d) % of SMI [Divide (c) by (a), multiply by 100]	
1	NA	NA	NA	NA	
2	3396	2887	1994	58.7	
3	4196	3567	2463	58.7	
4	4994	4245	2933	58.7	
5	5793	4924	3402	58.7	

If the Lead Agency does not use the SMI from the most current year, **indicate** the year used: **Estimated 2008**

If applicable, indicate the date on which the eligibility limits detailed in column (c) became or will become effective: **October 2003**

How does the Lead Agency define "income" for the purposes of eligibility? Describe and/or include information as **Attachment 3.3.2**. (§§98.16(g)(5), 98.20(b))

Gross income is the income before deductions for taxes, social security or any other items. The gross income, earned and unearned, of all household members in a loco parentis household, stepparent and unmarried couples where paternity of at least one child in common is acknowledged or adjudicated will be used for the Child Care Assistance Unit.

• Is any income deducted or excluded from total family income (for instance, work or medical expenses; child support paid to, or received from, other households; Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments)?

X Yes. If yes, **describe** what type of income is deducted or excluded from total family income.

If anyone in the Child Care Assistance Unit is paying child support or court ordered supposal support, that amount paid or the amount that is court ordered is used, whichever is less, can be used as a deduction.

Individuals, who are paid weekly or bi-weekly every third month, receive either a fifth or third check during the month. The fifth check in the month for a person receiving weekly checks and the third check in a month for a person receiving bi-weekly check are disregarded.

See Attachment 3.3.2. listing of the other specific income exclusions.

	☐ No.
•	Is the income of all family members included?
	Yes.
	X No. If no, describe whose income is excluded for purposes of eligibility determination.

All earned income from the children in the CCAP unit is excluded.

3.3.3 Eligibility Based Upon Receiving or Needing to Receive Protective Services

	e State choose to provide child care to children in protective services, as in Appendix 2? (§§98.16(f)(7), 98.20(a)(3)(ii)(A) & (B))			
	Yes.			
X N	No.			
income or receive,	Lead Agency elected to waive, on a case-by-case basis, the fee and eligibility requirements for cases in which children receive, or need to protective services, as defined in Appendix 2? (658E(c)(3)(B), (C)(ii), §98.20(a)(3)(ii)(A))			
	Yes.			
	No.			
	Not applicable. CCDF-funded child care is not provided in cases in which children receive, or need to receive, protective services.			
Does the State choose to provide CCDF-funded child care to children in foster care whose foster care parents are <u>not</u> working, or who are <u>not</u> in education/training activities? (§§98.20(a)(3)(ii), 98.16(f)(7))				
	Yes. (NOTE : This means that for CCDF purposes the State considers hese children to be in protective services.)			
X N	No.			
Addition	nal Eligibility Conditions			
Has the Lead Agency established additional eligibility conditions? (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.16(g)(5), §98.20(b))				
	Yes, and the additional eligibility conditions are: (<u>Terms must be defined n Appendix 2</u>)			
Children, who are in families on TANF or Diversion Assistance, young parents participating in Crossroads are part of the Department's priority list, are also eligible for 100% of the allowable maximum costs needed for the parents/caretakers to participate in the allowable activities.				
	No.			

Effective Date: October 1, 2007 Amended Effective:

3.3.4

3.4 Priorities for Serving Children and Families

3.4.1 Complete the table below regarding eligibility conditions and priority rules. For columns (a) through (d), check box if reply is "Yes". Leave blank if "No". Complete column (e) if you check column (d).

Eligibility Category Children with	(a) Guarantee subsidy eligibility	(b) Give priority over other CCDF- eligible families	(c) Same priority as other CCDF- eligible families	(d) Is there a time limit on guarantee or priority?	(e) How long is time limit?
special needs	X				
Children in families with very low incomes	X				
Families receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	X				
Families transitioning from TANF	X				
Families at risk of becoming dependent on TANF	X				

3.4.2 **Describe** how the State prioritizes service for the following CCDF-eligible children: (a) children with special needs and (b) children in families with very low incomes. Terms must be defined in Appendix 2. (658E(c)(3)(B))

If the State would have to develop a waiting list, the following children would be served before any others on the waiting list:

- 1. Special Needs Children;
- 2. Children who are in families on TANF or TANF Diversion Assistance;
- 3. Children of young parents participating in Crossroads;
- 4. Children whose single parent families are at risk of becoming dependent on an assistance program; and
- 5. Children in families with very low income.

Effective Date: October 1, 2007	
Amended Effective:	

Describe how CCDF funds will be used to meet the needs of: (a) families receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), (b) those attempting to transition off TANF through work activities, and (c) those at risk of becoming dependent on TANF. (658E(c)(2)(H), Section 418(b)(2) of the Social Security Act, §§98.50(e), 98.16(g)(4))

3.4.3 The county social services offices administer both the TANF and CCDF at the local level. The payments for TANF and TANF Diversion Assistance clients are entered just like payments for any other CCAP client. The CCAP pays approximately \$6 million during a biennium for TANF clients.

Previously the CCAP paid three months of Pro-Work for TANF clients transitioning off TANF. The State Legislature in the past legislative process enacted SB 2186, which mandated that six months of child care be paid to the transitioning TANF clients using the TANF debit card, which is funded with TANF funds. These clients must continue working and must have lost eligibility due to earned income. This is replacing the three-month Pro-Work Program.

North Dakota does not have a waiting list nor is there a limit to the amount of time a client can be on CCAP. Our sliding fee scale, with the addition of the maximum family payment as part of the determination of the client's copay, insures that clients who are at risk of becoming dependent can access child care through the CCAP.

3.4.4	Has the Lead Agency established additional priority rules that are not reflected in the table completed for Section 3.4.1? (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.16(g)(5), §98.20(b))				
		Yes, and the additional priority rules are: (<u>Terms must be defined in Appendix 2</u>)			
	X	No.			
3.4.5	Does the Lead Agency serve all eligible families that apply?				
	X	Yes.			
		No.			
3.4.6	Does the Lead Agency maintain a waiting list?				
		Yes. If yes, for what populations? Is the waiting list maintained at the State level? Are certain populations given priority for services, and if so, which populations? What methods are employed to keep the list current?			
	X	No.			

3	.5	Cliding	Foo	Scala	for	Child	Cara	Services
Э,	.5	Silains	r ee	Scare	101	Cilia	Care	services

Shuin	g ree s	cale for Cliffic Care Services				
3.5.1 A sliding fee scale, which is used to determine each family's contribution cost of child care, must vary based on income and the size of the family of this sliding fee scale for child care services and an explanation of hose is provided as Attachment 3.5.1 .						
	The at	tached fee scale was or will be effective as of October 2003.				
	Will the Lead Agency use additional factors to determine each family's contribution to the cost of child care? (658E(c)(3)(B), §98.42(b))					
	X	Yes, and the following describes any additional factors that will be used: The co-pay amount is first determined using family size and income. That amount is then compared to the maximum family payment for the family size and income. The family pays the lesser of the two amounts.				
		The maximum family payments assist families who have large child care bills. These families usually have a number of very young children or have large families with a number of children in child care.				
		No.				
3.5.2	Is the sliding fee scale provided in the attachment in response to question $3.5.1$ used in <u>all</u> parts of the State? $(658E(c)(3)(B))$					
	X	Yes.				
		No, and other scale(s) and their effective date(s) are provided as				
3.5.3	The Lead Agency may waive contributions from families whose incomes are at or below the poverty level for a family of the same size, (§98.42(c)), and the poverty level used by the Lead Agency for a family of 3 is: \$ 1,431 per month.					
	The Lead Agency must select ONE of these options:					
		ALL families with income at or below the poverty level for a family of the				

same size ARE NOT required to pay a fee.

for families of the same size, ARE required to pay a fee.

ALL families, including those with incomes at or below the poverty level

SOME families with income at or below the poverty level for a family of
the same size ARE NOT required to pay a fee. The following describes
these families:

TANF clients:

No.

TANF Diversion Assistance clients; and Crossroads clients, who are young parents who have not completed high school.

3.5.4	Does the State allow providers to charge parents the difference between the maximum reimbursement rate and their private pay rate?					
	X	Yes.				

3.5.5 The following is an explanation of how the co-payments required by the Lead Agency's sliding fee scale(s) were determined to be affordable: (§98.43(b)(3)) The co-pays, which are determined by the sliding fee scale, are a percentage of the allowable child care billing by the provider. Based on the family size and gross income, the state pays a percentage of the allowable charges with the remainder being the responsibility of the family. The co-pay graduates upward with the increase income of the family.

The family cap payment is the second factor to ensure that the co-pays are affordable for families. The family cap usually is used to set the client's co-pay when the family has high child care expenses when there are larger than average number of children or, a number of children under the age of six. After the family's co-pay is determined based on the sliding fee scale, it is compared to the family cap. The family pays the lower of the two amounts. The sliding fee scale includes the cap amount for each family size along with the percentage on the sliding fee scale.

A family of three has a gross income of \$1,400. Based on the sliding fee scale, CCAP would pay 55% of the allowable costs. If there were two children with an allowable costs of \$360, based on the sliding fee scale the family would pay \$324, which would be 23% of the family income. Because of the family maximum payment, the family would pay \$212, which is 15% of their income.

PART 4 PARENTAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

4.1 Application Process / Parental Choice

- 4.1.1 **Describe** the process for a family to apply for and receive child care services (658D(b)(1)(A), 658E(c)(2)(D) & (3)(B), §§98.16(k), 98.30(a) through (e)). At minimum, the description should include:
 - How parents are informed of the availability of child care services and about child care options

The pamphlet "DN 861, Child Care Assistance Program" is available in the county social service offices and various locations such as the Head Start Programs where parents are likely to be. In the pamphlet it states that parent have the right to choose their own provider, whether the provider is a non-profit or profit, sectarian or relatives. The provider can choose an approved relative, self-certified, family home, group home or center to provide the care. In addition, there is a section "Help Find Child Care," which lists the telephone number of the CCR&R offices. The CCR&R offices can assist the parent in finding the type of child care the parent is seeking in the location that the parent needs child care.

In addition, "DN 108, Comparison of Licensed and Unlicensed Child Care" lists the differences between the basic requirements for licensed providers and the legally non-licensed providers.

• Where/how applications are made

For the Child Care Assistance Program the client is not required to have an interview to apply. The individuals can access an application on the Child Care web site, on the State eforms web site or pick up one or have the county social service office mail one to them. Some child care providers and Headstarts keep application on hand at their facilities. The applicant then can mail or bring the application to their local county social service offices.

What documentation parents must provide

The parents must provide all required earned income for the adults in the CCAP household unit and unearned income for all CCAP household members from the month prior to the application. If the household is also claiming a deduction for child support and court ordered supposal support paid outside of the CCAP household, proof of that payment for the prior month must be support. If the child's

citizenship or resident alien status is questionable, the parent may be asked to submit proof of the child's eligibility.

In North Dakota, if the client is on another Economic Assistance Program, the worker may have this information as it may have already been submitted for Food Stamps, TANF, Health Care Coverage including Medicaid or Child Support Enforcement.

• How parents who receive TANF benefits are informed about the exception to individual penalties as described in 4.4

Both the county eligibility workers and the Job Service Jobs Coordinators would notify the client of this exception.

 Length of eligibility period including variations that relate to the services provided, e.g., through collaborations with Head Start or pre-kindergarten programs

The certificate length varies based on activity/Programs. There are three-month certificate for job search and for new employment if the client is not already in work activity. A four-month certificate is issued for Diversion Assistance. A six-month certificate is issued for TANF recipients, allowable students and employed household. A certificate for Crossroads will be the length that the State Office Crossroads Program Administrator authorizes in the Crossroads approval letter.

If the client needed child care the month prior to the application month, an additional month is added to the length of the certificate.

• Any steps the State has taken to reduce barriers to initial and continuing eligibility for child care subsidies.

The on-line access to the application provides greater access for the clients. In addition, the clients do not have to come to the county social services offices to apply or submit needed verification. All the contacts with the county eligibility workers can be by phone or mail.

Once the client is eligible for the subsidy assistance and continues to meet all the Program requirements, they can continue to participate in the Program for an unlimited time.

Attach a copy of your parent application for the child care subsidy program. If the application is available on the web, provide the appropriate Web site address (application must still be attached to Plan):

http://www.nd.gov/eforms/Doc/sfn00598.pdf

4.1.2 Is the application process different for families receiving TANF?

	\boxtimes	Yes. If yes, describe how the process is different: The client would apply
ſ	for CC	CAP and TANF at the same county social service office. However, for

the TANF program the client does have to have a face-to-face interview.

No.

4.1.3 The following is a detailed description of how the State ensures parental choice by making sure that parents are informed about their ability to choose from among family and group home care, center-based care and in-home care including faith-based providers in each of these categories.

Parents may either call Child Care Resource and Referral or go to their website for referrals and the consumer education information below which was retrieved from: http://www.ndchildcare.org/main/parents.htm

"Choosing child care is one of the most important decisions that parents make. Finding child care, however, can be challenging. You, and only you, know your child's needs and the kind of care most appropriate for your child. Taking the time to find good child care will result in peace of mind while you are away from your child, knowing she will be safe, having fun, and learning. Contact CCR&R's referral specialists for any of your child care questions.

Child Care Resource and Referral has prepared resources to help you understand child care in North Dakota.

- A Parents Guide to Selecting Child Care (PDF)
- Child Care Checklist (PDF)
- Child Care Financial Assistance Program http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/financialhelp/childcare.html
- Licensing Rules and Regulations
- Child Care Costs"

CCR&R refers families to all licensed programs. Although on site child care sponsored by a religious entity is not required to be licensed, they may choose to be licensed, thereby allowing CCR&R to share their program's information with parents.

Having the referral service and consumer information available on line has increased parental access to child care.

The pamphlet "DN 861, Child Care Assistance Program" is available in the county social service offices and various locations such as the Head Start Programs where parents are likely to be. In the pamphlet it states that parents have the right to

choose their own provider, whether the provider is a non-profit or profit, sectarian or relatives. The parent can choose an approved relative, self-certified, family hom2, group home or center to provide the care. In addition, there is a section "Help Find Child Care" which lists the telephone number of the CCR&R offices. The CCR&R offices can assist the parent in finding the type of child care the parent is seeking in the location that the parent needs child care.

In addition, "DN 108, Comparison of Licensed and Unlicensed Child Care" lists the differences between the basic requirements for licensed providers and the legally non-licensed providers.

4.1.4	Does the State conduct activities aimed at families with limited English proficiency to promote access to child care subsidies and reduce barriers to receiving subsidies and accessing child care services?		
	X	Yes. If yes, describe these activities, including how the State overcomes language barriers with families and providers.	
		No.	

4.2 Records of Parental Complaints

The following is a detailed description of how the State maintains a record of substantiated parental complaints and how it makes the information regarding such parental complaints available to the public on request. (658E(c)(2)(C), §98.32))

The SFN 1269, Child Care Concern Form, which may be accessed on the Department of Human Services' web site at http://www.nd.gov/dhs/, was developed to document child care concerns and complaints. Child Care Resource and Referral staff, food program sponsors, and county, regional or central office licensing staff can initiate this form. The form may also be initiated by parents or concerned individuals. Licensed and self-certified providers must notify parents about how to file concerns and complaints. (NDCC 50-11.1-07.2) A sample form is available for providers to share with parents and employees to illustrate how to make a report.

Complaints regarding licensed and self-certified providers are directed to the appropriate county social service office. The county licensor investigates all concerns and complaints and provides a summary of the investigation on the 1269 form. Substantiated complaints that result in a determination that a licensure rule has been violated are subject to corrective action by the provider. The county social service office has the responsibility to issue correction orders. Should the county office determine that complaint merits further corrective action, the 1269 is routed to the Department of Human Services Early Childhood Services regional offices.

The Early Childhood Services Administrator's regional regulatory staff members reviews the complaint and consults with the Early Childhood Services Administrator when considering the issuance of a denial, revocation or suspension. The regional office is responsible for informing the provider of the final decision/corrective action and of possible penalties associated with continued operation in violation of the denial, revocation or suspension.

County social service offices and regional early childhood offices maintain lists containing all licensed and self-certified providers who have been subject to a corrective action and shall make the lists available to the public upon request.

4.3 Unlimited Access to Children in Child Care Settings

The following is a detailed description of the procedures in effect in the State for affording parents unlimited access to their children whenever their children are in the care of a provider who receives CCDF funds. (658E(c)(2)(B), §98.31))

The child care licensing administrative rule regarding parents' unlimited access to their children states, "Parents are provided unlimited access and opportunities to observe their children at any time while in care, and are provided regular opportunities to meet with caregivers before and during enrollment to discuss their children's needs."

As part of the parent/consumer component, Child Care Resource and Referral agencies provide parents with a handbook that contains information regarding unlimited parental access to their children while in care.

The "DN 861, Child Care Assistance Program" brochure given to parents and caretakers, has a section stating that parent must be given unlimited access to their children and to the providers, who are providing care, during the operating hours of the child care facility.

The "DN 357, Child Care Assistance, Provider Handbook" states "Parents must be given unlimited access to the child(ren) and providers caring for the child(ren) during normal hours of operation."

The Child Care Subsidy Manual in section "400-26-30-10, Parental Access" also addresses this issue.

4.4 Criteria or Definitions Applied by TANF Agency to Determine Inability to Obtain Child Care

The regulations at §98.33(b) require the Lead Agency to inform parents who receive TANF benefits about the exception to the individual penalties associated with the work

requirement for any single custodial parent who has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care for a child under 6 years of age.

In fulfilling this requirement, the following criteria or definitions are applied by the TANF agency to determine whether the parent has a demonstrated inability to obtain needed child care:

NOTE: The TANF agency, not the Child Care Lead Agency, is responsible for establishing the following criteria or definitions. These criteria or definitions are offered in this Plan as a matter of public record. The TANF agency that established these criteria or definitions is: **North Dakota Department of Human Services.**

- "appropriate child care": The inability to obtain appropriate child care which
 includes licensed center-based provider, licensed family home child care
 providers, self-certified home child care provider under North Dakota Century
 Code 50-11.1, or relative child care providers who are not required to be
 licensed or registered.
- "reasonable distance": Child Care is unobtainable at a location such that the usual commuting time from the parent's home to the location at which child care is provided, or on to the parent's worksite, is one hour or less.
- "unsuitability of informal child care": The client must show that the unavailability
 or unsuitability of informal care is not an option with either a relative or other
 legally non-licensed provider.
- "affordable child care arrangements": Child Care is unobtainable, from a child care provider licensed or self-certified under North Dakota Century Code Chapter 50-11-1, at a rate equal to or less than 1.1 times the market survey average rate for child care provider to children of the age of the Parent's child in the region in which the parent lives.

PART 5 ACTIVITIES & SERVICES TO IMPROVE THE QUALITY AND AVAILABILITY OF CHILD CARE

5.1 Quality Earmarks and Set-Asides

5.1.1 The Child Care and Development Fund provides earmarks for infant and toddler care and school-age care and resource and referral services as well as the special earmark for quality activities. The following describes the activities; identifies the entities providing the activities; describes the expected results of the activities and, if the activities have been ongoing, the actual results of the activities. For the infant and toddler earmark, the State must note in its description of the activities what is the maximum age of a child who may be served with such earmarked funds (not to exceed 36 months).

Infants and toddlers:

Specialized Infant Toddler Training

Activity and Results:

LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs have delivered WestEd's Program for Infant and Toddler Caregivers (PITC) training, including planning and coordination of community and customized training workshops for all types of caregivers, and recruitment and support of specialized infant/toddler trainers. The PITC training is focused on caregiving strategies for children less than 36 months old. In the past year, 19 trainers provided 437 hours of PITC training which was attended by 1,777 caregivers.

DHS brought Zero to Three to North Dakota to provide a Train the Trainer event in North Dakota for their Preventing Maltreatment in Very Young Children initiative. LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs will deliver this training starting in July, 2007 to the child care community. CCR&R child care nurse consultants are also available to providers to answer mental health questions and suggest appropriate referrals.

Future Activity and Expectations:

LSSND and LPCAP CCR&R's will continue to deliver PITC and Preventing Maltreatment training in classroom settings and will also be converting the content into online training formats to include self-study options as well as interactive learning options. Up to five infant toddler courses will be converted in the coming year.

Child Care Health Consultation

Activity and Results:

LSSND CCR&R employs 1.0 FTE Child Care Health Consultant, and LPCAP CCR&R employs 1.5 FTE Child Care Health Consultants who provide training, technical assistance and consultation on best practices for improved health and safety for infants and toddlers

under 36 months in child care settings. Topics include including diapering, handwashing, sanitation, illness exclusion, immunizations, health policies, infant sleep, feeding and nutrition. CCDF funds provide partial support and additional dollars are leveraged from private foundations and state projects. These nurses responded to 750 phone inquiries, made 150 on-site visits to family and center programs in both urban and rural communities, conducted 59 health and safety training events, and provided intensive consultation to the 45 programs in the quality improvement projects.

Future Activity and Expectations:

The North Dakota Legislature will allocate \$250,000 for a TANF transfer for this biennium to stabilize access to nurse consultation. The nurses will be working in partnership to increase the use of care plans for children with special health care needs, to promote use of *Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards for Out-of-Home Child Care Programs*, and to link early childhood and health services and practitioners.

Resource and referral services:

Parent and Consumer Education

Activity and Results:

LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R each

- Maintain an updated database of licensed public and private child care services using NaccrraWare.
- Assist families in their search for quality child care by supplying families with individualized referrals via phone, e-mail, fax or in person,, to all types of licensed child care as well as resources to help parents evaluate and choose appropriate care for their children.

In the past year, CCR&R helped 4,190 families find child care for 5,304 children. 99% of families completing a follow-up survey indicated that they would recommend CCR&R to other people.

Future Activity and Expectations:

These agencies will continue to offer referrals via phone, e-mail, fax or in-person, and effective July 1, 2007, these agencies will coordinate to make online referral searches available at www.ndchildcare.org. This option will be promoted to Job Service sites (including tribal), county and other social service agencies, and employers to support parental choice of child care with quality consumer education information and child care options.

Community Services

Activity and Results:

LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R work in partnership to:

 Facilitate communication between the child care community and relevant community services

- Recruit licensed providers as needed based on community assessment
- ~ Collect, compile and disseminate child care data

In the past year, these agencies provided support to 249 new child care programs, increasing the capacity of child care in North Dakota by 2094. A "State of Child Care in North Dakota" report was compiled and disseminated to community and policy leaders.

Future Activity and Expectations:

In addition to maintaining the above activities, these agencies will partner with the county licensing agents to develop and deliver a consistent, statewide child care center orientation and start-up process.

School-age child care:

Activity and Results:

LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R delivered training relevant to school-age care programs including Jump Start basic training and Keys to Quality School-Age Care. 79 hours of training was attended by 267 school-age providers.

Future Activity and Expectations:

Delivery of this training will continue in both classroom settings as well as online formats.

Quality Earmark:

Provider Services

Activity and Results:

LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R work in partnership to:

- Provide technical assistance and/or consultation to existing and potential providers, on topics including licensing, zoning, health and safety, facility design and arrangement, staff management, child development, program and budget development, and assistance in finding information from other sources. 1,859 inquiries were responded to in the past year.
- ~ Plan, coordinate, promote and deliver training throughout the State and manage training data. 1,194 hours of training was attended by 5,062 (duplicated) people.
- Build the Child Care Business Center (CCBC) to provide technical assistance and consultation, and to form partnerships and attract investments to improve the business practices of child care programs. Business start-up and technical assistance was provided to 182 clients, and 31 outreach and system-building opportunities were pursued.
- LPCAP CCR&R partners with North Dakota State University to deliver a statewide 9-credit Child Development Associate (CDA) course using an independent study course format. 18 students took courses over the past year.

Future Activity and Expectations:

These agencies will continue to grow and refine these activity areas. Additionally, LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R will work in partnership to:

- Develop and maintain a web-based training registry on providers and trainers, provide training opportunities to meet licensing requirements through web-based coursework, provide linkages with systems that provide on-line classroom training, and allow providers to access their own training records
- Develop training modules that collectively roll into 45-hour orientation training. This training will establish a base of core knowledge to include: ND Licensing Rules and Regulations, Early Learning Guidelines, Health and Safety (sanitation, injury prevention, SIDS, Shaken Baby, emergency preparedness), Environments, and Establishing Relationships
- Develop trainings and certifications that lead to an infant-toddler and center director credential

Quality Improvement Projects

Activity and Results:

LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs provided leadership and coordination which leveraged Bush Foundation support to implement individualized on-site consultation and training to child care centers in North Dakota providing infant-toddler care (up to 36 months). Using the Infant Toddler Environmental Rating Scale, programs are assessed at the start and completion of the project. Six months of consultation includes development of an action plan for improvement, customized PITC staff training, and ongoing site visits to coach and mentor teachers. The Right from the Start (RFS) project uses a similar model for family child care provider consultation, using the Family Child Care Rating Scale. Quality of care for infants and toddlers has increased as much as 20% in each of the 45 participating programs.

Future Activity and Expectations:

LSSND and LPCAP will recruit 24 family child care providers and 21 center-based infant toddler classrooms to participate in the quality improvement projects. Data will be compiled and reported in a report.

5.1.2 The law requires that <u>not less than 4%</u> of the CCDF be set aside for quality activities. (658E(c)(3)(B), 658G, §§98.13(a), 98.16(h), 98.51) The Lead Agency <u>estimates</u> that the following amount and percentage will be used for the quality activities (not including earmarked funds) during the 1-year period: October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2008:

\$ 1,389.239 (11 %)

5.1.3	Check each activity the Lead Agency will undertake to improve and quality of child care (include activities funded through the aside as well as the special earmark for quality activities). (658 658E(c)(3)(B), §§98.13(a), 98.16(h))	4% quality	set-
		Yes	No
Com	prehensive consumer education		
Gran stand	ts or loans to providers to assist in meeting State and local ards		
Moni	toring compliance with licensing and regulatory requirements		
	essional development, including training, education, and ical assistance		
Impr	oving salaries and other compensation for child care providers		
	rities in support of early language, literacy, pre-reading, and math concepts development		
Activ	rities to promote inclusive child care		
	thy Child Care America and other health activities including designed to promote the social and emotional development of ren		
Activ	rities that increase parental choice		
Othe	r activities that improve the quality of child care (describe v)		
Other	r activities that improve the availability of child care (describe v)		
5.1.4 SEE 7	For each activity checked, describe the expected results of the CHART BELOW IN THE LEFT HAND COLUMN.	activity.	

If you have conducted an evaluation of this activity, **describe**. If you have not conducted an evaluation, **describe** how you will evaluate the activities.

SEE THE CHART BELOW IN THE LEFT HAND COLUMN.

Activity, Expected Results, Results, Evaluation	Name and type of entity providing activity	Non- govern- mental entity
Activity DHS contracts with LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R to promote their referral service and assist families in their search for quality child care by supplying families with individualized referrals to all types of licensed child care as well as resources to help parents evaluate and choose appropriate care for their children. A toll-free phone number and a new internet-based search option at www.ndchildcare.org ease access to consumer education for North Dakota families.	Lutheran Social Services of North Dakota and Lakes & Prairies Community Action Program Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies	
Results Referral requests increased by 6% in the past year 96% of families responding to CCR&R's satisfaction survey found the service helpful. 85% of families responding to CCR&R's satisfaction survey found care.		
Evaluation LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R conduct consumer satisfaction surveys of its referral service to assess whether families are finding child care and if CCR&R services were helpful. LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R collaborate to provide DHS with quarterly reports of their activities and an annual report on the state of child care in North Dakota.		
Activity The QRS sub-committee has just begun meeting to develop a quality improvement system. Evaluation Quality assurance and on-going assessment of this system will be important elements of the plan as it is developed and after it is implemented.	Early Care and Education Unit's Professional Development Committee's Quality Rating System Sub- committee	

Activity, Expected Results, Results, Evaluation	Name and type of entity providing activity	Non- govern- mental entity
Grants or loans to providers to assist in meeting State and local standards **No CCDF Funds are used for this activity**	Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource	
Activity With funding from the Archibald Bush Foundation, CCR&R provides small grants (up to \$250.00) to family child care providers, and (up to \$1,000.00) to child care centers to purchase equipment that will help them increase quality in their program, guided by Environmental Rating Scale scores. Results	and Referral Agencies	
Programs receiving funds are able to increase their Environmental Rating Scale scores by a minimum of 1 point.		
Expected Results Twenty-four family child care providers and 21 center-based infant-toddler classrooms will participate in the quality improvement projects.		
Evaluation Environmental Rating Scale scores are compiled, aggregated by subcategories and analyzed to determine the extent to which grants support quality improvements.		
Monitoring compliance with licensing and regulatory requirements	Early Childhood Services Regional Supervisors	
Activities Counties employ child care licensors to monitor compliance. County directors are the immediate supervisors of the county licensors. DHS convenes quarterly a State Early Childhood Services Team consisting of 8 county licensers, 2 county directors, all 5 regional supervisors, LSSND CCR&R staff and LPCAP CCR&R staff to clarify regulatory requirements and strengthen communication to support licensing compliance.	and State Early Childhood Services Administrator	

Activity, Expected Results, Results, Evaluation	Name and type of entity providing activity	Non- govern- mental entity
New Licensor Introductory Training was completed in June of 2007. Plans for an "All Licensor Training" in managing complaints, correction orders, appeals, revocations, suspensions, etc., is planned for late spring or early summer of 2008.		
Expected Results Child care programs are monitored in a consistent fashion and receive common messages from staff from counties, regions, state and CCR&Rs.		
Information gleaned from monitoring and supervision is used to determine needs for licensor training and potential policy, rule, and statutory revisions.		
Evaluation Regional Supervisors review the documentation of county licensors and supervise them programmatically.		
The Early Childhood Services Administrator monitors the Early Childhood Services Regional Supervisors programmatically.		
The Early Childhood Services Office will develop a formal internal review process for child care licensing.		
Professional development, including training, education, and technical assistance	Lutheran Social Services	
Activity LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R coordinate a wide variety of training classes, workshops and conferences designed specifically for people working in early childhood settings. Educational and innovative trainings are offered for child care providers from both family and center-based programs, educators, parents, foster care providers, and those interested in the development of children. An introductory course, Basic Child Care, is required within the first year of becoming licensed. The six-hour course includes Health and Safety, Business Practices, and Child Development. Other key courses include Positive Discipline, Care to Read,	and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies	

Activity, Expected Results, Results, Evaluation	Name and type of entity providing activity	Non- govern- mental entity
Developmentally Appropriate Practice, Dollars and Sense, Foundations First, Management Matters, Creative Curriculum, Project Exceptional, Safe Active Play and Taxes and Recordkeeping. LPCAP CCR&R partners with North Dakota State University to deliver CDA coursework for credit. In the past year, CCR&R held 346 training events (total 1,194 hours of professional development) which were attended by 5,062 (duplicated) people.		·
LSSND CCR&R and LPCAP CCR&R provide technical assistance and/or consultation to existing and potential providers, on topics including licensing, zoning, health and safety, facility design and arrangement, staff management, child development, program and budget development, and assistance in finding information from other sources. 1,859 inquiries were responded to in the past year.		
Results 99% of training participants find the training helpful		
67% of family and group child care providers, and 75% of centers have staff who attend CCR&R training events		
Evaluation CCR&R asks training participants complete an evaluation of every training event and uses it as a tool to assist with trainer development.		
CCR&R conducts an annual Training Needs Assessment to survey licensed child care programs on topic areas for training and convenient days, times, and locations. This information is used to develop semi-annual training calendars.		
CCR&R provides the Lead Agency with quarterly reports of their professional development activities.		
Improving salaries and other compensation for child care providers	Early Care and Education Unit's Professinal	
of their professional development activities. Improving salaries and other compensation for child	Education Unit's	

Activity, Expected Results, Results, Evaluation	Name and type of entity providing activity	Non- govern- mental entity
A variety of potential Funding sources will be explored. The T.E.A.C.H® (Teacher Education And Compensation Helps) project will be examined for applicability to North Dakota. Evaluation will be an important element of this project, if adopted or adapted, after implementation.	committee of the Professional Development Committee	
Activities in support of early language, literacy, prereading, and early math concepts development: Activity LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs deliver training opportunities which include Care to Read, Developmentally Appropriate Practice, Creative Curriculum, and Safe Active Play. Results Child care providers have access to professional development opportunities that provide information on school readiness activities Evaluation LSSND and LPCAP CCR&R's provide the Early Childhood Services Administrator with quarterly reports of their activities and an annual report of the state of child care in North Dakota	Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies	
Activity LSSND and LPCAP CCR&R's deliver training opportunities which include Project Exceptional training to assist providers in the identification, referral, support and inclusion of children with developmental concerns. Child care health consultant nurses from LSSND and LPCAP CCR&R's assist caregivers in developing special care plans for children with special needs. An expulsion survey is in process to determine the extent to which children are asked to leave child care settings.	Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies	

Activity, Expected Results, Results, Evaluation	Name and type of entity providing activity	Non- govern- mental entity
Results Parents and providers have access to specialized information to make informed decisions about accommodating children with special needs in child care settings.		
Baseline explusion survery data is being analyzed.		
Future expulsion survey data will be used to help determine the success rate of interventions		
Evaluation CCR&R provides the Early Childhood Services Administrator with quarterly reports of their activities.		
Healthy Child Care America and other health activities including those designed to promote the social and emotional development of children: **Activity** CCR&R employs 2.5 FTE nurses as Child Care Health Consultants. They provide specialized child care health and safety information through training, technical assistance and consultation in child care settings, including diapering, hand washing, sanitation, illness exclusion, immunizations, health policies, infant sleep, feeding and nutrition. These nurses are available to assist caregivers in developing special care plans for children with special needs. **Results** Child care programs, licensers and community health professionals are familiar with the standards outlined in *Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards for Out-of-Home Child Care Program* Evaluation LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs provide the Early Childhood Services Administrator with quarterly reports of their activities	Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies	

Activity, Expected Results, Results, Evaluation	Name and type of entity providing activity	Non- govern- mental entity
Activities		
HNDECA Mental Health and Social-Emotional		
Development committee is examining Positive Behavioral		
Supports © as one potential approach to assisting children and their caregivers.		
Evaluation		
Quality assurance and periodic evaluation will be		
important elements of this approach, if adopted or adapted, after implementation.		

Activity, Expected Results, Results, Evaluation	Name and type of entity providing activity	Non- govern- mental entity
Activities that increase parental choice: Activity LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs recruit licensed providers as needed based upon community assessments and offer technical assistance on becoming licensed, early childhood programming, and getting started in the child care business. LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs have implemented an internet search option for families to use independently when searching for care.	Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies	
Results Child care capacity is maintained or increased in all areas of the state. Parents have more access to "real time" referrals through the internet.		
Evaluation Above activities will be evaluated based upon an increase in the number of new programs in our state and by the reduction in the numbers of programs that fail in the first years due to faulty business practices.		
LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs provide the Early Childhood Services Administrator with quarterly reports of their activities		
Other activities that improve the quality of child care (describe below): Activity	Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource	
LSSND and LCPAP CCR&Rs maintain a book, video and resource lending library for providers to access current information on child development, guidance, diversity, social and emotional development, families, health and safety, program management and activity ideas.	and Referral Agencies	
Results Child care providers can access information to assist them in providing quality care.		

Activity, Expected Results, Results, Evaluation	Name and type of entity providing activity	Non- govern- mental entity
Evaluation LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs provide the Lead Agency with quarterly reports of their activities		
Other activities that improve the availability of child care (describe below): Activity With funding from the Archibald Bush Foundation, CCR&R has opened a Business Center to assist providers with the business side of providing child care.	Lutheran Social Services and Lakes & Prairies Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies	
Results Retention of child care programs is increased Evaluation LSSND and LPCAP CCR&Rs provide the Lead Agency with quarterly reports of their activities and an annual report on the state of child care in North Dakota		

5.1.5 For each activity checked, **describe** the expected results of the activity. **SEE ABOVE IN THE HAND COLUMN.**

If you have conducted an evaluation of this activity, **describe**. If you have not conducted an evaluation, **describe** how you will evaluate the activities.

SEE ABOVE IN THE LEFT HAND COLUMN.

5.2 Good Start, Grow Smart Planning and Development

This section of the Plan relates to the President's *Good Start*, *Grow Smart* initiative which is envisioned as a Federal-State partnership that creates linkages between CCDF, including funds set-aside for quality, and State public and private efforts to promote early learning. In this section, each Lead Agency is asked to assess its State's progress toward developing voluntary guidelines on language, literacy, pre-reading, and early math concepts and a plan for the education and training of child care providers. The third component of the President's *Good Start*, *Grow Smart* initiative, planning for coordination across at least four early childhood programs and funding streams, was addressed in Section 2.1.2.

5.2.1	Status of Voluntary Early Learning Guidelines. Indicate which of the following best describes the current status of the State's efforts to develop, implement, or revise research-based early learning guidelines (content standards) for three to five year-olds. NOTE: Check only one box to best describe the status of your State's three-to-five-year-old guidelines.			
		Planning . The State is planning for the development of early learning guidelines. Expected date of plan completion:		
		Developing . The State is in the process of developing early learning guidelines. Expected date of completion:		
	X	Developed. The State has approved the early learning guidelines, but has not yet developed or initiated an implementation plan. Early Learning Guidelines For Age 3 through Age 5 final draft will be		
		ready November, 2007, at which time it will go back to EC stakeholders for "buy-in" and final approval.		
		The age three thru five early learning guidelines are included as Attachment 5.2.1.A.		
		The birth to age three early learning guidelines are included as Attachment 5.2.1.B.		
		Implementing . In addition to having developed early learning guidelines, the State has embarked on implementation efforts which may include dissemination, training or embedding guidelines in the professional		
		development system. The guidelines are included as Attachment 5.2.1 . Revising . The State has previously developed early learning guidelines and is now revising those guidelines. The guidelines are included as Attachment 5.2.1 .		
		Other (describe):		
		ribe the progress made by the State in developing, implementing, or revising learning guidelines since the date of submission of the 2006-2007 State		

Individuals representing the ND Department of Human Services and the ND Department of Public Instruction developed a Request for Proposals. Three writers were hired to draft Birth through age 5 (to age 6) Early Learning Guidelines.

Representatives of the Department of Public Instruction, Early Childhood Services, the Head Start State Collaboration Office and National Child Care Information Center facilitated several early childhood stakeholder/consumer meetings with the writers during which brainstorming, reviews of Early Learning Guidelines from other states, and preferences for formatting and content were discussed.

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The Guidelines were field-tested and in October of 2006 the third draft of North Dakota's Birth through age 5 guidelines, a comprehensive and detailed document, was submitted.

A group of four, representing early intervention, special education, Depart of Public Instruction, Head Start and Early Childhood Services edited the document and made the decision to focus on completing the 3 thru 5 guidelines first, then the birth thru 3 guidelines and later the companion documents that the writers generated.

Further editing on the North Dakota Ages 3 thru 5 guidelines section is being conducted by the Head Start-State Collaboration and the Early Childhood Services Administrators to change the document into a clear and user-friendly format and to reduce its size.

In a separate process, one of the writers is verifying the alignment of the guidelines with North Dakota's Kindergarten Content and Achievement Standards.

If developed, are the guidelines aligned with K-12 content standards or other standards (e.g., Head Start Child Outcomes, State Performance Standards)?

X Conte	Yes. If yes, name standards: In process: North Dakota Kindergarten ent and Achievement Standards.
	No.
If dev	eloped, are the guidelines aligned with early childhood curricula?
	Yes. If yes, describe.
X	No.
	guidelines been developed for children in the following age groups (check is ines have been developed):
X Devel	Birth to three. Guidelines are included as Attachment 5.2.1 oped, but still in draft form Attachment 5.2.1.B.
	Birth to five. Guidelines are included as Attachment 5.2.1
_	Five years or older. Guidelines are included as Attachment 5.2.1 ive is included in our ages three through five years document. hment 5.2.1.B.
those	s to develop early learning guidelines for children that may differ from addressed in <i>Good Start</i> , <i>Grow Smart</i> (i.e., children birth to three or older ive) may be described here.

North Dakota's Early Learning Guidelines were written through the lens of special education. We plan to incorporate more general care and education language as we continue to edit them.

If any of your guidelines are available on the web, provide the appropriate Web site address (guidelines must still be attached to Plan):

Not at this time. The first draft was on the web between July and November of 2006.

5.2.2	Domains of Voluntary Early Learning Guidelines. Do the guidelines for children three-to-five-years-old address language, literacy, pre-reading, and early math concepts?		
	X Yes. No.		
	These are currently sub-domains under cognitive development and communication development		
	Do the guidelines for children three-to-five-years-old address domains not specifically included in <i>Good Start, Grow Smart</i> , such as social/emotional, cognitive, physical, health, creative arts, or other domains?		
	X Yes. If yes, describe. North Dakota includes personal/social/emotional development, cognitive development, physical health and development, motor skills, creative development, self-care and independence, approaches to learning, and communication development. No.		
5.2.3	Implementation of Voluntary Early Learning Guidelines. Indicate the strategies the State used or expects to use in implementing its early learning guidelines.		
	Check all that apply: X Disseminating materials to practitioners and families X Developing training curricula X Partnering with other training entities to deliver training X Aligning early learning guidelines with licensing, core competencies, and/or quality rating systems X Other. Describe: Integrating early learning guidelines with early childhood higher education coursework		

indicate the stakeholders that	maicate the programs that
are (or expect to be) actively	mandate or require the use of
supporting the implementation	early learning guidelines.

of early learning guidelines.	
X Publicly funded (or	Publicly funded (or
subsidized) child care	subsidized) child care
X Head Start	Head Start
Education/Public pre-k	Education/Public pre-k
N/A	_
X Early Intervention	Early Intervention
X Child Care Resource and	Child Care Resource and
Referral	Referral
X Higher Education	Higher Education
X Parent Associations	Parent Associations
Other. Describe:	Other. Describe:

How are (or will) cultural, linguistic and individual variations (be) acknowledged in implementation?

Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Early Care & Education Committee has not yet developed this portion of the plan.

How are (or will) the diversity of child care settings (be) acknowledged in implementation?

Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Early Care & Education Committee has not yet developed this portion of the plan.

Materials developed to support implementation of the guidelines are included as **Attachment 5.2.3**. If these are available on the web, provide the appropriate Web site address:

Documents for parents and policymakers are in draft form, however the Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Early Care & Education Committee has not yet developed this portion of the plan.

North Dakota plans to develop in-person and on-line trainings for implementing the Early Learning guidelines and will then deliver these trainings throughout the state. See attachment 2.1.2.

- 5.2.4 **Assessment of Voluntary Early Learning Guidelines.** As applicable, **describe** the State's plan for:
 - (a) Validating the content of the early learning guidelines
 Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Early Care &
 Education Committee has not yet developed this portion of the plan.

- (b) Assessing the effectiveness and/or implementation of the guidelines Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Early Care & Education Committee has not yet developed this portion of the plan.
- (c) Assessing the progress of children using measures aligned with the guidelines Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Early Care & Education Committee has not yet developed this portion of the plan.
- (d) Aligning the guidelines with accountability initiatives
 Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Early Care &
 Education Committee has not yet developed this portion of the plan.

Written reports of these efforts are included as **Attachment 5.2.4**. If these are available on the web, provide the appropriate Web site address (reports must still be attached to Plan):

The Early Learning Guidelines are developed, but are still in draft form. Healthy North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Early Care & Education Committee has not yet developed this portion of the plan.

	o best describe the status of your State's professional development plan.		
	Planning . Indicate whether steps are under way to develop a plan. If so, describe the entities involved in the planning process, time frames for completion and/or implementation, the steps anticipated, and how the plan is expected to support early language, literacy, pre-reading and early math		
	concepts. Developing. A plan is being drafted. The draft or planning documents are		
	included as Attachment 5.2.5 . Developed . A plan has been written but has not yet been implemented. The plan is included as Attachment 5.2.5 .		
X	Implementing . A plan has been written and is now in the process of being implemented, or has been implemented. The plan is included as		
	Attachment 5.2.5.A. Revising. The State previously developed a professional development plan and is now revising that plan, or has revised it since submitting the 06-07 State Plan. The revisions or the revised plan are included as		
	Attachment 5.2.5. Other (describe):		
or rev	ribe the progress made by the State in planning, developing, implementing, vising the professional development plan since the date of submission of the 2007 State Plan.		
a thresubm Servi and i	North Dakota's Professional Development Plan morphed from a two-fold to a three-fold plan in the intervening years. The writing group's final draft was submitted in Fall of 2006 and was posted to the Department of Human Services website in January of 2007. The legislative session began in January and included bills to require and financially support this workforce development initiative. Advocates were partially successful in their efforts.		
	North Dakota has begun to implement the Growing Futures Professional Development Plan.		

approved the articulation agreement they had developed and approved the

The Early Childhood Services and Head Start Collaboration Administrators have combined to create the Early Care and Education Unit in the Child and

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prior year.

Family Services Division of the Department of Human Services. The unit then reconstituted the Early Childhood Professional Development Committee, which met in February of 2007. After reviewing and recognizing prior contributions, three sub-committees were formed, one for each area of the plan: Career Development, Professional Recognition, and Quality Rating System. Energy levels have been high and all sub-committees have added diverse stakeholders to best represent the various needs of providers in North Dakota. All sub-committees have met and the Professional Development Committee reconvened in June 2007 to review progress.

Child care advocates and legislators worked together to develop and pass legislation that provides partial funding for early childhood professional workforce development work.

We are in the early stages of implementation. The plan has been accepted and the goals and activities are being worked on.

Child Care Resource and Referral has purchased <u>Events Pro®</u> software and is working with its developers to meet the needs of North Dakota. For example, <u>Events Pro®</u> will provide platforms for distance learning and a training registry. CCR&R has developed three levels of distance learning: easy access, partial facilitation, and full facilitation.

Please refer to Child Care Resource and Referral's Future: Strategic Plan and <u>EventsPro®</u>, which is attachment 5.2.5.B. A paradigm shift in training for providers is proposed within—from seat time and clock hours to learning and application.

If your State has developed a plan for professional development, does the plan include (Check EITHER yes or no for each item):

Degeninties

item and	Description		
ND Growing Futures page number(s)	-	Yes	No
Specific goals or desired outcomes, p. 4 & p. 6	The goal of <i>Growing Futures</i> is quality care and education for all of North Dakota's children – a goal that promotes the healthy development and success of the future workforce while at the same time providing the infrastructure necessary to support today's workforce.	X	
A link to Early Learning Guidelines, p. 7	The core competencies are closely linked to North Dakota's Early Learning Guidelines, which define the expected developmental outcomes for children	X	

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	birth to age six.		
Continuum of training and education to form a career path, p. 14	A career pathway of high school to CDA/Apprenticeship to Associate Degree to Bachelors Degree is laid out.	X	
Articulation from one type of training to the next, p. 8	Training articulation establishes links among training systems such as community-based training organizations, higher education institutions, Head Start, and so on. Training articulation supports care providers in their ongoing personal and professional growth by providing specific training that builds towards more advanced levels of preparation.	X	
Quality assurance through approval of trainers, p. 8	A trainer registry establishes a process by which trainers who deliver workforce training are qualified to provide the training recognized by the <i>Growing Futures</i> Professional Development system. It includes a database of qualified trainers, credentialing and credential renewal process, and a trainer recognition system. The trainer approval process establishes standards and qualifications for trainers and instructors to ensure they are knowledgeable of the most current research and theory in their subject area. Trainers must be able to represent their content area well to diverse groups of adult learners. The process also ensures that trainers meet the requirements of various training and education systems, such as those set nationally for CDA training or by higher education institutions to issue CEU credits.	X	
Quality assurance through approval of training content, p. 8	A curriculum approval process ensures that the materials used for workforce training are research-based and	X	

	representative of best practices, and that training content clearly links practice to research and theory. A curriculum approval process reviews training materials to ensure that all training applied toward professional development is of good quality, and that it addresses core knowledge areas, is leveled for different skills and interests, and is appropriate to the many specializations in the field.		
A system to track practitioners' training, p. 7	A training registry is a central clearing house of information to track and verify qualifications for various roles in the field. A registry also recognizes professional achievement and attainment. The registry keeps records of an individual's training and education, and issues transcripts that document an individual's completed training.	X	
Assessment or evaluation of training effectiveness, p. 12 and pp. 15-16	It is anticipated that the Quality Rating System, when developed, will provide information on the effectiveness of trainings. On-site competency assessments upon completion of standardized courses and on-going evaluation will provide information on the effectiveness of the coursework.	X	
State Credentials – State for which roles (e.g. infant and toddler credential, directors' credential, etc.), p. 8 and pp. 15-16	Specialized certificates and credentials support the qualifications for career categories by providing in-depth content knowledge in specialized areas, such as infant toddler care, special needs, and program administration. Specialized credentials are awarded based on training and assessment of demonstrated knowledge and skill in a particular focus area.	X	
Specialized strategies to reach family, friend and neighbor caregivers,	NOTE: This group of providers has not been addressed in the professional	X	

	Childhood Services and Child Care Subsides Administrators have included strategies in the CCR&R work plans for the next two years.	
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For each **Yes** response, **reference** the page(s) in the plan and briefly **describe**. **INSERTED IN TABLE ABOVE**

For each **No** response, **indicate** any plans the Lead Agency has to incorporate these components.

Although on page 7 the plan states that the core competencies "are" linked to the Early Learning Guidelines, the Guidelines are not yet completed. Both the Health North Dakota Early Childhood Alliance (ECCS) Early Care and Education Committee and the Early Childhood Professional Development Committee will be determining how this linkage will be addressed.

Are the professional development opportunities described in the plan available to:

We are in the very early stages of implementing our professional development plan. Many aspects have yet to be actualized.

Note: Check either yes or no for each item):

	Yes	No
Statewide		X
To Center-based Child Care Providers		X
To Group Home Providers		X
To Family Home Providers		X
To In-Home Providers		X
Other (describe):		X

Describe how the plan addresses early language, literacy, pre-reading, and early math concepts development.

The professional development plan currently encompasses these readiness areas on page 15 under the general categories of North Dakota Professional Standards (which includes early learning guidelines, core knowledge, and core competencies), Developmentally Appropriate Practices, and Environments.

	ogram or provider-level incentives offered to encourage provider training ducation?
	Yes. If yes, describe , including any connections between the incentives and training relating to early language, literacy, pre-reading and early math concepts.
X	No. If no, describe any plans to offer incentives to encourage provider training and education, including any connections between the incentives and training relating to early language, literacy, pre-reading and early math concepts?
contex	childhood advocates have plans to educate legislators regarding the at of providing child care and the need for early childhood professional epment incentives before the next legislative session in January of 2009.
	plicable, does the State assess the effectiveness of its professional opment plan, including the achievement of any specified goals or desired mes?
	Yes. If yes, describe how the professional development plan's effectiveness/goal is assessed.
X	No. If no, describe any plans to include assessments of the professional development plan's effectiveness/goal achievement.
Develo	of the three Growing Futures EC Prof Dev sub-committees Career opment, Professional Recognition, and a Quality Rating Systemhave y assurance as one of their tasks.
	he State assess the effectiveness of specific professional development ves or components?
	Yes. If yes, describe how specific professional development initiatives or components' effectiveness is assessed.
X	No. If no, describe any plans to include assessments of specific professional development initiatives or components' effectiveness.
Develo	of the three Growing Futures EC Prof Dev sub-committees Career opment, Professional Recognition, and a Quality Rating Systemhas v assurance as one of their tasks.

As applicable, does (or will) the State use assessment to help shape or revise its professional development plan?

X Yes. If yes, **describe** how assessment informs the professional development plan.

Each of the three Growing Futures EC Prof Dev sub-committees-- Career Development, Professional Recognition, and a Quality Rating System—will utilize assessment information to increase quality in their area as one of their tasks.

No. If no, describe any plans to include assessment to inform the
professional development plan.

PART 6 HEALTH AND SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR PROVIDERS

(Only the 50 States and the District of Columbia complete Part 6.)

The National Resource Center for Health and Safety in Child Care (NRCHSCC) of DHHS's Maternal and Child Health Bureau supports a comprehensive, current, on-line listing of the licensing and regulatory requirements for child care in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In lieu of requiring a State Lead Agency to provide information that is already publicly available, ACF accepts this compilation as accurately reflecting the States' licensing requirements. The listing, which is maintained by the University of Colorado Health Sciences Center School of Nursing, is available on the World Wide Web at: http://nrc.uchsc.edu/.

6.1	.1 Health and Safety Requirements for Center-Based Providers (658E(c)(2)(F), §§98.41, §98.16(j))		
	6.1.1	Are all <u>center-based</u> providers paid with CCDF funds subject to licensing under State law that is indicated in the NRCHSCC's compilation?	
		X Yes. Answer 6.1.2, skip 6.1.3, and go to 6.2.	
		No. If no, describe which center-based providers are exempt from licensing under State law and answer 6.1.2 and 6.1.3.	
	6.1.2	Have center licensing requirements as they relate to staff-child ratios, group size, or staff training been modified since approval of the last State Plan? (§98.41(a)(2)&(3))	
		Yes. If yes, describe the changes.	
		X No.	
	6.1.3	For center-based care that is NOT licensed, and therefore not reflected in NRCHSCC's compilation, the following health and safety requirements apply to child care services provided under the CCDF for:	
	•	The prevention and control of infectious disease (including age-appropriate immunizations)	
	•	Building and physical premises safety	

•	Health	and	safety	training	
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6.2	Healtl	and Safety Requirements for Group Home Providers (658E(c)(2)(F), §§98.41,
<u> </u>	98.16(
	6.2.1	Are all <u>group home</u> providers paid with CCDF funds subject to licensing under State law that is indicated in the NRCHSCC's compilation? If:
		X Yes. Answer 6.2.2, skip 6.2.3, and go to 6.3.
		No. If no, describe which group home providers are exempt from licensing under State law and answer 6.2.2 and 6.2.3.
	6.2.2	Have group home licensing requirements that relate to staff-child ratios, group size, or staff training been modified since the approval of the last State Plan? (§98.41(a)(2) & (3))
		Yes. If yes, describe the changes.
		X No.
	6.2.3	For group home care that is NOT licensed, and therefore not reflected in NRCHSCC's compilation, the following health and safety requirements apply to child care services provided under the CCDF for:
	•	The prevention and control of infectious disease (including age-appropriate immunizations)
	•	Building and physical premises safety
	•	Health and safety training
6.3		h and Safety Requirements for Family Providers (658E(c)(2)(F), §§98.41,
	98.16(]))
	6.3.1	Are all <u>family</u> child care providers paid with CCDF funds subject to licensing under State law that is indicated in the NRCHSCC's compilation? If:

		Yes. Answer 6.3.2, skip 6.3.3, and go to 6.4.		
	Those	No. If no, describe which family child care providers are exempt from ing under State law and answer 6.3.2 and 6.3.3. who care for five or less children or three or less infants (up to 24 ns) are exempt from licensure by state statute.		
6.3.2	group	family child care provider requirements that relate to staff-child ratios, size, or staff training been modified since the approval of the last State (§98.41(a)(2) & (3))		
		Yes. If yes, describe the changes.		
	X	No.		
6.3.3	For family care that is NOT licensed, and therefore not reflected in NRCHSCC's compilation, the following health and safety requirements apply to child care services provided under the CCDF for: Relatives, who are approved child care providers, are exempt from health and safety requirements. It is recommended to them that they follow the safety standards as set forth for the self-certified providers.			
	immu NONI Buildi NONI	ng and physical premises safety E n and safety training		
		safety Requirements for In-Home Providers (658E(c)(2)(F), §§98.41,		
98.16(j))			
6.4.1		l <u>in-home</u> child care providers paid with CCDF funds subject to licensing the State law reflected in the NRCHSCC's compilation referenced above?		
		Yes. Answer 6.4.2, skip 6.4.3, and go to 6.5.		
	Those	No. If no, describe which in-home child care providers are exempt from ing under State law and answer 6.4.2 and 6.4.3. who care for five or less children or three or less infants (up to 24 ns) are exempt from licensure by state statute.		

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6.4.2 Have in-home health and safety requirements that relate to staff-child ratios,

			size, or training been modified since the approval of the last State Plan? $-1(a)(2) & (3)$
			Yes. If yes, describe the changes.
		X	No.
	compile provide	ation, t ed unde	ome care that is NOT licensed, and therefore not reflected in NRCHSCC's the following health and safety requirements apply to child care services er the CCDF for: me care is registered care in ND.
			ne prevention and control of infectious disease (including age-appropriate munizations)
		This c	eare is provided in the child's home. The Child Care Subsidy nistrator sees the prevention and control of infectious disease as a nsibility of the parents. There are no additional state requirements.
		This c	rilding and physical premises safety care is provided in the child's home. The Child Care Subsidy nistrator sees the building and physical premises as a responsibility of arents. There are no additional state requirements.
		This c	ealth and safety training care is provided in the child's home. The Child Care Subsidy nistrator sees health and safety training as a responsibility of the ts. There are no additional state requirements in 75-03-07.
6.5	Exemp	otions t	to Health and Safety Requirements
	uncles, exempt	or sibl ted fro	ncy option, the following relatives: grandparents, great grandparents, aunts, lings (who live in a separate residence from the child in care) may be m health and safety requirements. (658P(4)(B), §98.41(a)(1)(ii)(A)) Indicate ncy's policy regarding these relative providers:
	X	section differe All rel Some require	lative providers are subject to the same requirements as described in as 6.1 - 6.4 above, as appropriate; there are no exemptions for relatives or ent requirements for them. In active providers are exempt from all health and safety requirements. In active providers are subject to different health and safety ements from those described in sections 6.1 - 6.4. The following describes requirements and identifies the relatives they apply to:

6.6 Enforcement of Health and Safety Requirements

Each Lead Agency is required to certify that procedures are in effect to ensure that child care providers of services for which assistance is provided comply with all applicable health and safety requirements. (658E(c)(2)(E), §§98.40(a)(2), 98.41(d)) The following is a description of how health and safety requirements are effectively enforced:

a desc	cription	of how health and safety requirements are effectively <u>enforced</u> :
•		hild care providers subject to <u>routine</u> unannounced visits (i.e., not fically for the purpose of complaint investigation or issuance/renewal of a se)?
	X	Yes. If yes, indicate which providers are subject to routine unannounced visits and the frequency of those visits:
		censed Providers are subject to a minimum of one announced and one nounced visit per year.
		No.
•	Are c	hild care providers subject to background checks?
	X	Yes. If yes, indicate which types of providers are subject to background checks and when such checks are conducted:
	Abus Gene List." Attor Child licens	censed child care providers are checked against the North Dakota Child e and Neglect files and are checked against the North Dakota Attorney ral's list of "Convicted Sex Offenders and Offenders Against Children Approved Relative Providers are checked against the North Dakota ney General's list of "Convicted Sex Offenders and Offenders Against tren List." In all instances, these North Dakota checks are done prior to sing and approvals. At the time of this writing, criminal background as for child care providers are voluntary.
		No.
•	while	the State require that child care providers report serious injuries that occur a child is in care? (Serious injuries are defined as injuries requiring medical nent by a doctor, nurse, dentist, or other medical professional.)
	X	Yes. If yes, describe the State's reporting requirements and how such injuries are tracked (if applicable):
	Licer	sing regulations require that licensed child care providers report

serious injuries and illnesses to the licensing agency within 24 hours using

"SFN 383, Death/Serious Accident/Illness or Injury, Report Form."

	No.
•	Other methods used to ensure that health and safety requirements are effectively enforced:

Monitoring, such as the yearly unannounced and unannounced visits by licensors. Also Child and Adult Food Program personnel oftentimes share health and safety violations they observe when making their thrice yearly visits.

6.7 Exemptions from Immunization Requirements

The State assures that children receiving services under the CCDF are age-appropriately immunized, and that the health and safety provisions regarding immunizations incorporate (by reference or otherwise) the latest recommendations for childhood immunizations of the State public health agency. (§98.41(a)(1))

The State exempts the following children from immunization (check all that apply):

- X Children who are cared for by relatives (defined as grandparents, great grandparents, siblings (if living in a separate residence), aunts and uncles).
- X Children who receive care in their own homes.
- X Children whose parents object to immunization on religious grounds.
- X Children whose medical condition contraindicates immunization.

PART 7 HEALTH AND SAFETY REQUIREMENTS IN THE TERRITORIES

(Only the Territories complete Part 7)

7.1 Health and Safety Requirements for Center-Based Providers in the Territories (658E(c)(2)(F), §98.41(a), §98.16(j))

For all <u>center-based</u> care, the following health and safety requirements apply to child care services provided under the CCDF for:

- The prevention and control of infectious disease (including age-appropriate immunizations)
- Building and physical premises safety
- Health and safety training

7.2 Health and Safety Requirements for Group Home Providers in the Territories (658E(c)(2)(F), §98.41(a), §98.16(j))

For all group home care, the following health and safety requirements apply to child care services provided under the CCDF for:

- The prevention and control of infectious disease (including age-appropriate immunizations)
- Building and physical premises safety
- Health and safety training

7.3 Health and Safety Requirements for Family Providers in the Territories

 $(658E(c)(2)(F), \S98.41(a), \S98.16(j))$

For all <u>family child care</u>, the following health and safety requirements apply to child care services provided under the CCDF for:

- The prevention and control of infectious disease (including age-appropriate immunizations)
- Building and physical premises safety
- Health and safety training

7.4 Health and Safety Requirements for In-Home Providers in the Territories

 $(658E(c)(2)(F), \S98.41(a), \S98.16(j))$

For all <u>in-home</u> care, the following health and safety requirements apply to child care services provided under the CCDF for:

- The prevention and control of infectious disease (including age-appropriate immunizations)
- Building and physical premises safety
- Health and safety training

7.5 Exemptions to Territorial Health and Safety Requirements

	At Lead Agency option, the following relatives may be exempted from health and safety requirements: grandparents, great grandparents, aunts, uncles, or siblings (who live in a separate residence from the child in care). (658P(4)(B), §98.41(a)(1)(ii)(A)). Indicate the Lead Agency's policy regarding these relative providers: All relative providers are subject to the same requirements as described in sections 7.1 - 7.4 above, as appropriate; there are no exemptions for relatives or different requirements for them. All relative providers are exempt from all health and safety requirements. Some or all relative providers are subject to different health and safety requirements from those described in sections 7.1 - 7.4 and the following describes those different requirements and the relatives they apply to:
<u>7.6</u>	Enforcement of Territorial Health and Safety Requirements
	Each Lead Agency is required to certify that procedures are in effect to ensure that child care providers of services for which assistance is provided comply with all applicable health and safety requirements. (658E(c)(2)(E), §§98.40(a)(2), 98.41(d)) The following is a description of how Territorial health and safety requirements are effectively enforced: Are child care providers subject to routine unannounced visits (i.e., not specifically for the purpose of complaint investigation or issuance/renewal of a license)? Yes. If yes, indicate which providers are subject to routine unannounced visits and the frequency of those visits: No.
	Are child care providers subject to background checks? Yes. If yes, indicate which types of providers are subject to background checks and when such checks are conducted: No.
	Does the Territory require that child care providers report serious injuries that occur while a child is in care? (Serious injuries are defined as injuries requiring medical treatment by a doctor, nurse, dentist, or other medical professional.) Yes. If yes, describe the Territory's reporting requirements and how such injuries are tracked (if applicable): No.
	Other methods used to ensure that health and safety requirements are effectively enforced:
7.7	Exemptions from Territorial Immunization Requirements
	The Territory assures that children receiving services under the CCDF are age- appropriately immunized, and that the health and safety provisions regarding

immunizations incorporate (by reference or otherwise) the latest recommendations for childhood immunizations of the Territorial public health agency. (§98.41(a)(1))
The Territory exempts the following children from immunization (check all that apply): Children who are cared for by relatives (defined as grandparents, great grandparents, siblings (if living in a separate residence), aunts and uncles). Children who receive care in their own homes. Children whose parents object to immunization on religious grounds. Children whose medical condition contraindicates immunization.

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APPENDIX 1 PROGRAM ASSURANCES AND CERTIFICATIONS

The Lead Agency, named in Part 1 of this Plan, assures that:

- (1) upon approval, it will have in effect a program that complies with the provisions of the Plan printed herein, and is administered in accordance with the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 as amended, Section 418 of the Social Security Act, and all other applicable Federal laws and regulations. (658D(b), 658E(a))
- the parent(s) of each eligible child within the State who receives or is offered child care services for which financial assistance is provided is given the option either to enroll such child with a child care provider that has a grant or contract for the provision of the service; or to receive a child care certificate. (658E(c)(2)(A)(i))
- in cases in which the parent(s) elects to enroll the child with a provider that has a grant or contract with the Lead Agency, the child will be enrolled with the eligible provider selected by the parent to the maximum extent practicable. (658E(c)(2)(A)(ii))
- (4) the child care certificate offered to parents shall be of a value commensurate with the subsidy value of child care services provided under a grant or contract. (658E(c)(2)(A)(iii))
- with respect to State and local regulatory requirements, health and safety requirements, payment rates, and registration requirements, State or local rules, procedures or other requirements promulgated for the purpose of the Child Care and Development Fund will not significantly restrict parental choice among categories of care or types of providers. (658E(c)(2)(A), §98.15(p), §98.30(g), §98.40(b)(2), §98.41(b), §98.43(c), §98.45(d))
- that children receiving services under the CCDF are age-appropriately immunized, and that the health and safety provisions regarding immunizations incorporate (by reference or otherwise) the latest recommendation for childhood immunizations of the State public health agency. (§98.41(a)(1))
- (7) that CCDF Discretionary funds are used to supplement, not supplant, State general revenue funds for child care assistance for low-income families. (P.L. 109-149)

The Lead Agency also certifies that:

- (1) it has procedures in place to ensure that providers of child care services for which assistance is provided under the Child Care and Development Fund afford parents unlimited access to their children and to the providers caring for their children during the normal hours of operations and whenever such children are in the care of such providers. (658E(c)(2)(B))
- it maintains a record of substantiated parental complaints and makes information regarding such complaints available to the public on request. (658E(c)(2)(C))

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- it will collect and disseminate to parents of eligible children and the general public, consumer education information that will promote informed child care choices. (658E(c)(2)(D))
- (4) it has in effect licensing requirements applicable to child care services provided in the State. (658E(c)(2)(E))
- (5) there are in effect within the State (or other area served by the Lead Agency), under State or local law, requirements designed to protect the health and safety of children; these requirements are applicable to child care providers that provide services for which assistance is made available under the Child Care and Development Fund. (658E(c)(2)(E))
- (6) procedures are in effect to ensure that child care providers of services for which assistance is provided under the Child Care and Development Fund comply with all applicable State or local health and safety requirements. (658E(c)(2)(G))
- (7) payment rates under the Child Care and Development Fund for the provision of child care services are sufficient to ensure equal access for eligible children to comparable child care services in the State or sub-State area that are provided to children whose parents are not eligible to receive assistance under this program or under any other Federal or State child care assistance programs. (658E(c)(4)(A))

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APPENDIX 2 ELIGIBILITY AND PRIORITY TERMINOLOGY

For purposes of determining eligibility and priority for CCDF-funded child care services, lead agencies must **define** the following *italicized* terms. (658P, 658E(c)(3)(B))

- attending (a job training or educational program; include minimum hours if applicable) Means going to and participating in one of the activities listed in job training and education programs.
- in loco parentis Means a legal guardian who is physically caring for the child in his or her home or another person (relative and non-relative) physically caring for the child for an
- job training and educational program Education or training activities may include high school, basic remedial educations programs, trade schools, vocational training at colleges and universities, or other activities designed to help the participant achieve basic literacy or training needed to secure employment or retain employment. Traditional high school attendance means: taking 4 or more classes; part time is less than 4 classes. Alternative high school attendance means: the definition prescribed by the alternative education setting. For vocational training at colleges or universities attendance means: full time is 12 or more credit hours per semester or quarter. Part-time is less than 12 credit hours per semester or quarter. Vocational and trade schools vary as to what qualifies as a full time or part-time student.
- physical or mental incapacity (if the Lead Agency provides such services to children age 13 and older) If a child is incapable of self-care because of verified physical or mental incapacity, the child may be eligible for child care. A qualified medical professional must verify in writing that an incapacity exits.
- protective services CCDF is not used for this population.

indefinite period of time.

- residing with Means a child or children who are physically present in the home for periods expected to last 30 or more days.
- special needs child Is a child incapable of providing self-care, as medically verified by a physician or a Developmental Disabilities case manager due to physical and/or mental incapacity, and is 13 up to age 18.

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very low income -

Family Size	Income
2	\$0-399
3	\$0-493
4	\$0-587
5	\$0-680

These are the figures that are used on the sliding fee scale for those individuals who are at the Level 1 and who are paying 20% on the sliding fee scale. This is 15% of the 2000 Monthly Median Income.

The 2000 Monthly Median Income was used to develop the complete sliding fee scale. The upper limit in each level increase an additional 10 percent over the previous level. At Level 7 the upper limit was 75% of the 2000 Monthly Medium Income.

This level has not changed since September 2000. It is not anticipated that it will change in the future due to lack of funds. This is not used in other programs.

- working (include minimum hours if applicable) -
 - For families who are involved in required work or training activities through the State Job Opportunities and Basic Skills (JOBS) or Native Employment Works (NEW) programs as required by TANF, work may or may not be defined as earning a wage. For families who have transitioned off TANF and other low income families, working is defined as earning a wage. Self-employment is also defined as work and income is a factor for determining eligibility. Working also means, when a state has been determined to have a major disaster, individuals who are residing in the disaster area and are involved in unpaid work activities (including the cleaning, repair, restoration, and re-building of homes, businesses, and schools.)
- Additional terminology related to conditions of eligibility or priority established by the Lead Agency:

Crossroads Program

The parent who is eligible for Crossroads is "a teenage parent, male or female, married or unmarried, who is 20 years old or younger, who has the primary responsibility for the care of his/her child." The goal of the Crossroads Program is to "provide child care...for eligible teenagers who are pursuing high school, GED or alternative high school education."